WARSAW (R) — The Communist Party conceded overwhelming defeat by WARSAW (8) — The Communist Party conceined over when hing decise by Solidarity Monday in Poland's parliamentary elections but pledged to stick to the path of democratic reforms. Party spokesman Jan Bisztyga, speaking after Solidarity claimed it had virtually swept the board in the seats it contested, said the free trade union had won a "decisive" majority. "I want to state that we are consistent... we shall not keave the road of the property and property." Pierry and on state television. Partial results democracy and reform," Bisztyga said on state television. Partial results from Sanday's voting in Poland's first partiy-free elections in four decades showed that voters humiliated the ruling Communist Party and sowed the seeds of a possible political crisis. Solidarity leader Lech Walesa urged his supporters to tone down their excitement at the victory for fear of up supporters to tone down their exchement at the victory for tear of upsetting a reform process agreed by the government and opposition two months ago. "The elections should not divide us," Walesa declared. Bisztyga said the results raised the question of responsibility for Poland's stability. He repeated calls by Communist leader General Wojciech Jaruzziski for Solidarity to join a grand post-election coalition with the communists and their allies.

Volume 14 Number 4103 sekend one

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AMMAN TUESDAY, JUNE 6, 1989, DHUL QAIDEH 2, 1409

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence



ENVOYS PRESENT CREDENTIALS: Four newly-appointed ambassadors to Jordan Monday presented their credentials to His Majesty King Hussein in separate ceremonies held at the Royal Court. The four were (from left to right): Rigoberto Cruz-Johnson of Chile, Dmitrie Stanescu of Romania, Josef Baryla of Poland and Tang King Jin of Singapore. The ceremonies were attended by Royal Court Chief Thougan Hindawi, the King's Political Adviser Adnan Abu Odeh, the King's Special Adviser Amer Khammash, Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid and Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem. Earlier Monday, Qasem met with Baryla and King Jin and received copies of their credentials (Petra photos).

# orth. a formatic of the legal o Aug. 7. 1967, protesters defy army the source: Hall is note:

PEKING (Agencies) — Chaos gripped Peking Monday with troops firing indiscriminately at courageous unarmed protesters, gutted vehicles littering the streets and long queues forming to buy dwindling food stocks.

> Foreign nations reacted with horror to the weekend slaughter of pro-democracy demonstrators in Peking and there was anger and unrest in major Chinese cities

nos: 51 miller as news of the bloodbath spread. There were also instant econo-:Wispaper col mic ramifications to the Tianan-Veturo hace men Square killings.

Asian stock markets plunged, plans to invest in China were put on hold and credit to the Bank of China was tightened (see page 6). In Peking, there were scenes of

a ferodousez actines also inst to the incredible courage as citizens confronted in trucks and armoured personnel carriers to protest at what they called their ie Vutuno C fașcist leaders.

A Western evewitness de-De Sales a scribed hundreds of defiant cyclists chanting "animals, animals" at soldiers with tanks occupying the square Monday, despite bursts of gunfire which felled

several. Later, when troops tried to clear the Avenue of Eternal Peace of angry citizens, a lone man emerged from bushes and stood with arms outstretched before the advancing tanks, at the last moment leaping onto the

Estimates of the death toll from the Sunday onslaught varied

One Western diplomat said he believed more than 1,000 had been killed, and other estimates

ranged up to 7,000. Radio Peking announced that a total of 391 vehicles, including police and military vehicles, had been destroyed as of 2 a.m.

U.S. President George Bush, expressing dismay over the violence used by Chinese authorities to quell the unrest, Monday suspended all government sales to China and commercial exports of weapons and suspended all official visits between the two na-

Bush in a hastily called White ise news conference. U.S. could not condone the violence in Peking or ignore its consequences for U.S.-Chinese

Saying this was a time "for reasoned, careful action," he outlined a four-point programme including a suspension of all government-to-government sales and commercial exports of weapons as well as official visits between U.S. and Chinese military leaders.

In Peking, long queues formed at the few counters open at several markets in the city Monday, with some prices doubled overnight.
One foreign witness reported seeing a military officer who had apparently been burned alive hanging from a gutted bus in

A student who survived Sunday's army assault said soldiers laughed as they raked crowds

western Peking.

with machine gun fire. Crying and shaking with emotion, he said terrorism was the only option left to overcome the 'fascist' government of senior leader Deng Xiaoping and that foreign countries should cut all aid to China and provide

weapons to those opposing it. The official media kept up a barrage of warnings to residents to cooperate with the troops and accused the pro-democracy demonstrators of having foreign

It said the assault on the square was just an "initial victory" and that there was a long difficult battle ahead against counter-re-

In Taipei, tens of thousands of Taiwan students rallied Monday to protest against the brutal suppression of the Peking protests. President Teng-Hui condemned what he called a "mad act."

In Paris, two Chinese interpreters caused a diplomatic flurry at a UNESCO meeting when they downed white headbands emblazoned with the words "in mourning.'

Chinese delegates made no comment on the protest.

out of 74 cast by members of an

"Assembly of Experts" who were handpicked by Khomeini in the

revolution's early days to handle

The swift appointment fills a

political vacuum left by the re-

volutionary patriarch's death but

also underscroed the prevailing

confusion about the future shape

A presidential election and a

referendum on constitutional re-

forms, which are likely to in-

crease the president's executive

power, are both set for Aug. 18.

personality who can match

Khomeini's religious and political

authority, is seems likely that

Iran may be ruled by a collective

close ties to the wealthy merchant

class, has served as Iran's head of

state since 1981. He is barred by

the constitution from running for

But he has endorsed a pres-

idential bid by Parliament Speak-

er Hashemi Rafsanjani, 55, a

longtime political ally and the

Former Iranian President Abol

only declared candidate so far.

Hassan Bani Sadr said from exile

in France that Khamenei's

appointment indicated "total fai-

lure" by the government and

predicted a troika leadership

would be formed that would also

include Rafsanjani and Ahmad

a third four-year term.

Khamenei, a moderate with

But in the absence of a single

the succession question.

of Iran's leadership.

leadership.

"We had to do something." said Feng Jingbao, one of the

interpreters. "It is happening to our brothers and sisters. I haven't been able to eat or sleep for

The sole expression of support for the Chinese action came from Vietnam, whose own communist leaders are fighting a crisis of public faith over political and conomic reform.

Vietnamese radio, monitored in Bangkok, said the Chinese "could in no way refrain itself from taking action... according to initial reports there were many casualties during (Sunday's clashes).'

French President François Mitterrand condemned the Chinese leaders who ordered troes to fire on the demonstraors and Australian Prime Minister Bob Hawke cancelled a proposed visit to China to underline his government's "deep distress."

The European Commission, the executive body of the European Community, cancelled ministerial talks with China scheduled for Monday

Belgium said that two of its ministers had cancelled meetings Tuesday with Foreign Trade Minister Zheng Tuobin, who was in Brussels to review China's trade and cooperation agreement with the 12-nation community.

West German chancellor Helmut Kohl said he was shocked by events in Peking and expressed 'heartfelt sympathy" for Chinese students who had sought more freedom and human rights.

West Germany and France warned their citizens not to travel to China unless their journeys were essential.

# Toll said 400 in Soviet train disaster

MOSCOW (Agencies) - At least 400 people, including chil-dren bound for summer camp, were dead or missing after gas leaking from a pipeline filled a mountain valley, exploded and engulfed two passing trains in flames, TASS said Monday.

General Mikhail Moiseyev, the Soviet military chief of staff, told the official Soviet news agency that the Sunday blast was equivalent to a 10-kiloton bomb and that according to preliminary data, at least 400 people died or were missing.

A newspaper editor in the area said he had a list of 500 to 800 people dead, but the figures were preliminary.

President Mikhail S. Gorbachev, who visited the remote disaster site Sunday, told the new Soviet parliament in Moscow that "a few hundred people" had been killed. He said incompetence and a lack of discipline might have contributed to the accident.

TASS quoted Moisevev as saying the liquefied gas explosion had the same yield as a 10kiloton bomb and was so powerful that it felled all trees within four kilometres."

He said preliminary data, being updated hourly, showed more that 400 passengers dead or missing and another 600 in hospitals.

Gennady K. Dmitrin, editorin-chief of evening Chelyabinsk, said his newspaper had a pre-liminary list of 500 to 800 people dead. Speaking by telephone from Chelyabinsk, the biggest city near the disaster site, Dmitrin said many of the dead were children heading south for sum-

mer vacation. Asked about the death toll mentioned by Dmitrin, Dr. Vla-dimir Ruchki, a Health Ministry spokesman in the city of Ufa near the disaster site, said, "It's about right." He said mor than 600 people were hospitalised.

TASS said about 85 per cent of the victims suffered severe burns. Dmitrin said children under eight did not have train tickets and therefore were not included in the 1,200 count TASS gave for the number of people aboard the two trains.

Moiseyev said the blast hurled two locomotives and 33 passengers cars from the rails, with most of the cars destroyed by flames. The government daily Izvestia said the explosion and fire created a "flame front" 1.5 to 2 kilometres long. Several hundred metres of track and communications wires were destroyed, it

A special Aeroflot flight bringing about 50 people injured in the blast to Moscow for medical care landed at the capital's Vnukovo airport Monday afternoon along with Health Minister Yevgeny Chazov. The dazed and unconscious wounded, their skin blistered and peeling in places, were loaded on stretchers into waiting

Many victims would probably never be found as they were blown to bits or incinerated, and wo carriages melted in the blaze, said a Soviet journalist.

The world's worst train disaster happened June 6, 1981, when a train plunged off a bridge in India, killing 800 people.

# Pledges to weed out negative elements

# King pays tribute to Palestinian revolt

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Monday paid tri-bute to the 18-month-old Palestinian uprising in the Israeli-occupied territories and said the revolt reflected the steadfastness and courageous struggle of the Palestinian people.

In an address to the country on the occasion of the anniversary of the 1967 Arab-Israeli war, the King also pledged to wage an all-out battle against the "elements of despair and defeat and propagators of the spirit of defeatism, weakness and dissen-

The King underlined the need for collective action in successfully confronting the future and challenges.

The King said he was getting ready to draw national attention to the significance of Monday's anniversary when he read an article in the Arabic daily, Al Ra'i, written by Ahmad Salamah and entitled "June Between Afandia and Ahmad Sa'd." The King said the article caught his special attention for its frankness and its congruity with his own views.

led a cable that the late Egyptian leader Jamai Abdul Nasser had sent to Jordan praising the King's leadership and the Jordanian people who fought in 1967 war with a sense of duty and honour. Entering the war was inevitable despite anxiety over its consequences," the King said. "Had Jordan been hesitant to enter the war and fight alongside its brothers, differences would have surfaced," the King said. "Jordan would have destroyed itself, making way for Israel to overrun the West Bank and then the East Bank and achieve its objectives."

'We have so far succeeded in preventing Israel from achieving its goals," the King said. "We succeeded in protecting Jordan and preempted its inclusion in the land that the Zionists claim was given to them to establish their state and live on all of it or part of it, undermining the heart of the Arab Homeland."

The King said: "In the current stage — stewn with propagated thoughts and doubts, departures from constructive dialogue and



HM King Hussein

advances towards enemy schemes designed to shake confidence in everything so that Jordan would be incapable of adopting any decision - we will work together to eliminate all factors behind negativism, acquire sound knowledge and create sharp conscience to face the future and shoulder our responsibilities.

# Palestinian strike marks anniversary of 1967 war

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip observed a paralysing general strike for the second day Monday to mark the anniversaries of the 1967 war and Israel's 1982 invasion of Lebanon.

In the occupied Gaza Strip, troops shot in the head and seriously wounded a 14-year-old boy in Nuseirat refugee camp, hospital officials said. Palestinians said he was violating a curfew.

The army kept the 650,000 residents of the Gaza Strip under curfew for a second day but erased restriction between 4 a.m. and 7 a.m. to allow Palestinians to go to work. Few left home, residents said.

Sources said the army imposed the curfew ahead of plans Tuesday to issue new computerised work permits, part of a campaign to bar suspected Palestinian activists from enterIn another development,

police said they had begun an investigation Monday into suspected racism in a West Bank Jewish settlement that issued "foreign worker" badges to The justice ministry said that

mayor Ron Nachman of the Ariel settlement was suspected of inciting racism. Attorney general Yosef Har-

ish had ordered police to question him about the badges, which the settlement said last week it would withdraw, the ministry said.

Badges issued to 400 daily Palestinian workers in Ariel sparked a storm of criticism from Israelis who said they recalled the yellow stars of David that the Nazis forced Jews to wear in World War II.

Many of the day labourers at Ariel, a settlement of 8,000 Jews, stayed away from work Monday, responding the call for

the general strike by leaders of the Palestinian uprising.

Mayor Nachman said last week that Ariel would substitute new cards for the tags, removing the offending "foreign worker' phrase. Jews and Arabs alike would receive the new cards, he said. On Monday, he refused to say

whether the tags had been replaced, calling the investigation "This is amazing," he told

Reuters. "When Sari Nusseibeh, a

head of the PLO (Palestine Liberation Organisation), sits in Jerusalem free, continues to act against Israel and nothing happens to him, at the same time political elements are pressing to put the mayor of Ariel on

Nusseibeh, a Palestinian philosophy professor, as a PLO leader of the uprising. He denies

Israeli court documents nam

# Iran pays emotional farewell to Khomeini

two million hysterical mourners poured into a Tehran Square Monday to catch a glimpse of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's white-shrouded body, leaving at least eight people crushed to death and more than 500 injured.

State-run television showed scores of people being carried out of the dusty square as the crowd swayed around the glass-covered, air-conditioned bier where Khomeini lay with his trademark black turban atop his chest. The mourners beat their chests

and heads with their fists in a traditional Shi'ite expression of grief. Some scratched their faces until the blood ran and threw ashes over their clothes.

"Imam Khomeini was our great leader... nothing can ever replace him," Mohammad Mahdi, a middle-aged aircraft technician, said in English.

"His body has left us but his words remain," said Revolutionary Guards Commander Mohammad Sanjaghi, who stood with his men to form a protective ring around the funeral bier in the massive north Tehran mosalah (prayer ground).

At least eight people died in the crush and 500 were injured when crowds surged to pay their last respects, the Iranian news agency IRNA said earlier

Sanjaghi insisted that despite Khomeini's death last Saturday, Iran's revolution would continue

and gain in strength.

political ruler for over 10 years on Sunday, after winning 60 votes was wrapped in white linen. He lay in a glass casket placed on a refrigerated tray inside a threemetre tall perspex box.

The box rested on top of a two-tier platform made from steel containers painted black and shrouded in black crepe. An outer wall of steel freight containers kept the seething mass of humanity at bay with Revolutionary Guards pacing up and down with automatic rifles.

The casket was at least 10 metres above ground. The outline of Khomeini's body and head could be seen from the grond. Women sobbed and moaned and clung to the blistering hot steel containers while hundreds of men beat their heads and chests with their hands and sang a

mournful dirge. Khomeini died Saturday of a heart attack suffered 11 days after he underwent surgery for internal bleeding. His death plunged the country into its worst political crisis since he was swept to power by the 1979 Islamic revolution.

Khomeini's only son, Ahmad, read a section of his father's political testament over the radio that called for national unity and America.

not refer to the crucial issue of who will succeed Khomeini as leader of the country's revolu-

warned against "enemy conspiracies and world-devouring But the extract made public did

President Ali Khamenei, 49, "Imagine a church that cannot The body of Iran's spiritual and was appointed caretaker leader find a pope. It is exactly the



Ali Khamenei

same, like a dynasty that cannot find a king... it will not last," he

Assembly member Abol Qassem Khazali was quoted in the daily Resalat newspaper Monday as saying that Khomeini several times expressed a preference for

Khamenei arrived by helicopter to pay his personal farewell to his mentor. But the crush on the ground made it impossible for him reach the funeral stand and he was finally forced\_to leave.

across streets. Shops and schools In Beirut, the drum-like thud

Khamenei to succeed him.

ambulances. Tehran was a city swathed in black. Black flags hung from rooftops, black banners hung

of some 50,000 Shi'ite mourners beating their chests reverberated Monday as they marched in a symbolic funeral for Khomeini.

# King Hassan II appeals to Lebanese to use last chance

RABAT (Agencies) — King Hassan of Morocco appealed Monday for all Lebanese to support a three-man committee seeking peace in Lebanon, saying it was the country's last chance.

Speaking just hours after rival gunners shelled both sectors of divided Beirut, the king told a news conference:. "There must be a ceasefire in the heads of the people before the cannons can be halted. This is the last chance to move on from this crisis."

King Hassan chaired the first meeting of the committee made up of heads of state of Morocco, Saudi Arabia and Algeria — Sunday. He declined to give any details of a plan of action which the three agreed to put to all parties to try and end the 14-year-old civil war.

Two people were killed in east Beirut and 14 wounded in the overnight shelling between soldiers of army commander Michel Aoun and Syrian troops and their Lebanese allies, security sources

The death toll from the latest

fighting which flared up in mid-

March now totals at least 364. But King Hassan said he was optimistic of a successful outcome to the latest effort to bring peace to the fractured country, stressing the committee had the full backing of the Arab World and up to now no side in the dispute had reacted negatively.

"The sun of hope is brightly shining and we believe it will illuminate the whole surroundings (of Lebanon)," he declared. The committee, which includes



King Hassan II

King Fahd of Saudi Arabia and Algerian President Chadli Benjedid, was set up after last month's Arab League summit failed to make headway on

Lebanon. "There is no door closed in front of this committee," the king said, adding that if it failed the parties who had blocked its work would be named at a future Arab

After their meeting Sunday, the three leaders appealed for United Nations help to force Israel to withdraw from the south

of Lebanon. After more than six hours of talks, a statement from the three late Sunday urged the international community to work with them to achieve peace in

Lebanon. "The (U.N.) Security Council and in particular its permanent members must share with us the responsibility and duty to assure Lebanon its full and entire territorial integrity by working to end the Israeli occupation in con-

The tripartite committee appealed for a halt in "all acts of violence" as well as "the measures which increase inter-Lebanese divisions and make the daily life of Lebanese citizens

even more painful."

formity with the pertinent U.N

That was interpreted by Lebanese radio stations as a call for reopening between Beirut's two sectors and lifting land and sea blockades clamped by the warring factions in the past three

Hassan, Fahd and Benjedid said they would aim "to help the Lebanese people restore life to all their constitutional institutions and introduce in the Lebanese society that must be built the necessary political reforms that would permit the Lebanese state to rally all its sons in a free, democratic and just framework.

The three leaders said they would try to "restore Arab Lebanon in its national unity, its independence, its full territorial integrity and to restore its authority over the whole of its national territory by its own forces."

Their statement said that Leba-

non's "diversity of faiths is a source of a richness of civilisation and should contribute to the conviviality and generous cohabitation among all the sons of Lebanon. Several Beirut newspapers said

Monday the leaders would send their foreign ministers to Damascus and Beirut within two days to speed up enforcement of the security measures.

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# First act of post-Khomeini Iran confounds pessimists

By Nassir Shirkhani

NICOSIA - The first acts of post-Khomeini Iran did not fulfil fears in the West that Islamic extremists might fill the power

Moving with surprising speed, the grief-stricken clerical leaders Sunday chose a successor. President Ali Khamenei, just 20 hours after the death of Ayatoliah Ruhollah Khomeini, 86.

Diplomats and analysts had predicted months of uncertainty and a possibly bloody power struggle when Khomeini died 10 years after leading Iran's revolu-

Relatively junior in the Islamic hierarchy. Khamenei is among the more pragmatic of Iran's revolutionary leaders and has worked closely with the politician Western leaders pin their hopes on -Parliamentary Speaker Ali Akbar Hashemei Rafsanjani.

Analysts said if a Khamenei-Rafsanjani axis captured power against the wilder extremists of the Revolutionary Guards. a long-feared post-Khomeini power struggle might not crupt.

But they cautioned it could be months before the dust finally settled and the composition of the post-Khomeini leadership is

Radicals used the dying months of Khomeini's reign to rekindle Islamic fervour and drag Tehran away from reviving relations with the West following last August's ceasefire in the Gulf war with

Khomeini's son Ahmad, like his father a fiery radical, was not chosen as leader, contrary to some

Although analysts suspect Khamenei's spiritual leadership may prove temporary — even his title is vague — it may give Rafsanjani time to consolidate

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — Iraqi

newspapers said Monday that a

"dark era" had ended in Iran

with the death of the "malicious

tyrant" Ayatollah Ruhollah

Khomeini and that both countries

The ruling Baath Party daily Al

inawia, in an editorial, said:

"Iraq seeks nothing but peace

with Iran. A comprehensive, dur-

able and just peace which will lav

a solid basis for the relations

A U.N.-brokered ceasefire last

August ended an eight-year-long

war between Iran and Iraq but,

peace talks since then have made

KABUL (R) - At least 14

people have been killed and 13

injured in rocket attacks by guer-

rillas on two Afghan cities, a

spokesman for the Soviet-backed

civilians died when Mujahedeen

rebels blasted the besieged east-

ern city of Jalalabad Saturday.

Two were killed and four children

injured in the southern city of

The rebels fired 37 rockets

from the hills surrounding the

capital Kabul during the night,

but the spokesman said most of

them fell around the airport and

there were no casualties. Planes

At least 17 people have died

Many of the dead and injured

and 19 have been injured in

rocket attacks on Kabul since

Thursday, Amani said.

were flying normally Sunday.

Mohammad Amani said 12

government said Sunday.

between the two countries."

no significant progress.

should now work for peace.

Rafsanjani is widely expected to win presidential elections in August, taking over from Khamenei. On paper at least, he would wield more power under constitutional amendments now being drafted.

The way Tehran handled the announcement of the avatollah's death impressed analysts.

"So far Tehran has played it very straight, very maturely, one Iran watcher said. He pointed out that Tehran did not attempt to play politics with messages of condolence.

All the messages were read out on Tehran Radio, even those from Gulf states which backed Iraq against Iran in the Gulf war.

It broadcast several appeals for calm and despite scenes of mourning frenzy shown on television, it appeared franians had generally obeyed the call.

Another indication of confidence was the invitation to foreign journalists to travel to Tehran for the avatollah's funeral. analysis said.

While Khamenei, 49, is seen as a pragmatist on foreign policy, his rule offers no suggestion of a softening in imposing Islamic law on Iran's 50 million people.

Over the past year, hundreds have been publicly hanged for political and drug offences and prostitutes and pimps have been stened to death -- acts with Khamenei has endorsed from the pulpit as Tehran Friday prayer

### 'Khamenei too pliant'

Iranian opposition leaders living in exile in France Monday dismissed Khamenei as a man too easily swayed by his peers and lacking the religious qualifica-

tions for the job. "He's an insignificant creature, very pliable and flexible." Shapour Bakhtiar, the last prime

Al Thawra said: "Khomeini's

death means the departure of a

malicious tyrant who consecrated

all his time and efforts to achieve

an unattainable dream of estab-

the expense of Iraq and the Arab

Jumhuriya said: "With the death

of Khomeini, a dark era lived by

the Iranians for more than 10

It said Iranian leaders in the

post-Khomeini era should under-

stand the lessons of the past and

realise that "peace alone is the

only way of life and the doors of

peace are still open for future

Amani, speaking on the eve of

visit to the United States by

Pakistani Prime Minister Benazir

Bhutto, said he was optimistic that

Washington would review its

policy of supporting the rebels.

thought the present Afghan gov-

ernment, which had launched a

drive to end the 10-year-old civil

war, was a better bet for the

United States than what he

termed extremists fighting for a

followed by peace talks. "We do

not reject negotiations with any

The rebels have rejected peace

talks, blaming Afghan President

Najibullah's government for the

war in which a million people

have died and some five million

have fled to neighbouring Pakis-

He urged a general ceasefire

fundamentalist Islamic state.

(rebel) force. Amani said.

He told a news briefing he

progress and renaissance."

were children, he said.

lishing a new Persian empire at ' him in disgrace.

Iraqis hope for peace with Iran

Nation."

vears has ended."

Rockets kill 14 in 2 Afghan cities

minister under the Shah of Iran. told Reuters from his Paris home.

"Apparently he's not as bloody and virulent as Khomeini but he was above all Khomeini's pupil and has always been very pliant," Bakhtiar said.

Bakhtiar said Khamenei had played a largely decorative role as president, with the real decisions made either by Speaker Rafsan-jani or Khomeini's son Ahmad.

Bakhtiar, the target of a failed assassination attempt in 1980 in which two people died, scoffed at the idea that Khamenei was a moderate.

"A moderate mullah is a contradiction in terms. Rafsanjani was supposed to be a moderate and then he went and advised Iranians to kill innocent civilians," Bakhtiar said, citing a Rafsanjani appeal for Palestinians to trget British, French and American citizens. Rafsanjani later said his words had been misinterpreted.

Ayatollah Mehdi Rouhani, the self-styled leader of Europe's Shi'ite Muslim community, said Khamenei lacked the necessary religious qualifications to take Khomeini's place.

"The constitution says that the person who replaces Khomeini must be a great authority who is wiser, more pious and more virtuous than everyone else, Rouhani said.

"Khamenei lacks all these qualities... he's not a supreme religious leader, he's not got a doctorate in law, automatically he cannot replace Khomeini."

Rouhani said Khomeini had invented the Islamic notion of "valy-e-faqih" — rule by a sup-reme spiritual leader — which he predicted would expire with its mentor.

\*Once the person is dead and gone the title also disappears. My country has no need for valy-efagih, it serves no purpose.

Iraqi President Saddam Hus-

sein said more than a year ago

that he did not want Khomeini to

die soon but hoped he would wait

until the Iranian people toppled

Khomeini died late Saturday,

Al Thawra said the basis for

new relations with Iran should be

a guarantee of non-intervention

in each other's internal affairs

with both countries working to

achieve security and stability in

It said Khomeini died political-

ly when Iraq turned his expan-

President George Bush will dis-

She is pressing for a political

solution now that the Soviet Un-

ion has pulled out its troops

under 1988 peace accords which it

signed with Pakistan, Afghanis-

said was hit by a rocket near a

solve the problem for many

years, that's for sure," he added.

"The military approach will not

school Saturday.

tan and the United States.

cuss U.S. and Pakistani help for

the rebels during force," visit.

sionist strategy to failure

the region.

tan and Iran.

12 days after surgery to staunch



FOOD AID - Maize is unloaded at Lafon village in south Sudan in an area controlled by the rebel Sudan People's Liberation Front. The relief

supply is organised by the United Nations under a programme called "Operation Lifeline Sudan."

# **Mitterrand in Tunis** to reinforce relations

TUNIS (R) - President Francois Mitterrand received a warm welcome in Tunis Monday at the start of a two-day state visit which reinforces the strong cultural and commercial ties between France country works to make sure they and Tunisia.

Mitterrand and his host, President Zine Al Abidine Ibn Ali. took a detour on their way from the airport to the guesthuse, driving through the city centre and waving to crowds of thousands from their open car.

The visit is the first by a Western head of state since Ibn Ali took power in November 1987 from ageing - President- Habib France last September was alsohis first to a non-Arab state.

France, which ruled Tunisia for 75 years up to 1956, is Tunisia's largest trade partner by far and French remains the foreign language of choice for Tunisians. Some 284,000 Tunisians live and work in France.

In an airport statement. Mitterrand said: "The years have passed but we have never ceased to have a special feeling for this old country of culture and thought...

know that we are friends." "All difficult problems have been settled amicably, but they have been rare because .... before things get complicated, each are sorted out in the best interests

of both," he added.

The two countries earlier this vear reached agreement on the last dispute left over from the French protectorate — the amount of compensation Tunisia should pay French citizens who lost real estate when they left after independence.

They are now working on a deal under which France will pay Bourguiba. Ibn Ali's visit to Literclay the French television channel Antenne 2 to Tunisia for retransmission by the Tunisian network.

In the discussions, Tunisia has played on France's fears of losing its cultural and linguistic edge to the Italians, whose television transmissions have reached the Tunis area for years.

The French president, accompanied by Foreign Minister Roland Dumas, Economy Minister Pierre Beregovov and Interior Minister Pierre Joxe, has a first



François Mitterrand

Ali Monday afternoon. He will also meet Chadli Klibi, the Tunisian secretary general of the Arab League, but he will not see any members of the Palestine Liberation Organisation, which also has its headquarters in Tunis.

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat made a successful official visit to France last month at Mitterrand's invitation.

On Tuesday Miterrand's party flies south to the oasis of Tozeur, close to the Algerian border, for an afternoon of tourism and the president will give a news conference before flying back to Paris in

were elected to the assembly in

National elections in April,

opening the way for Hussein to

implement the reforms he has

The assembly, which had ear-

lier nodded through legislation.

was given teeth in February last

year when the Revolutionary

Command Council empowered it

to investigate government depart-

promised

### the evening. the Tunisian people must surely round of official talks with Ibn Hamadi named Iraqi deputy premier

BAGHDAD (AP) - President Saddam Hussein Monday appointed Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Sadoun Hamadi as a new deputy prime minister. the state-run television reported. The move heightened specula-

tion that a cabinet reshuffle was in the wind amid promised political reforms following last August's ceasefire in the war with

The president of one of Hamadi is a senior member of Kabul's main hospitals. Abdul the ruling Baath Socialist Party Salam Jalali, took journalists to see child victims of rockets and and the Revolutionary Command Council, will be the third deputy mines and urged the United premier working under Hussein, States to stop rebel arms supplies. who is also prime minister. "They should start sending us medicines and food, not rockets and artillery," he said at the bedside of a 10-year-old who he

The other deputies are Taha Yassin Ramadan, another key member of the Revolutionary Command Council, and Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz.

The television did not say why Hussein appointed Hamadi, who has also held the posts of oil minister and foreign minister and was drafted onto Iraq's delegation to the peace talks with Iran that have dragged on inconclusively for more than nine months. But Guif newspapers have re-

ported that there were indications that the U.S.-educated Hamadi was being groomed to take over as prime minister. Senior government officials

have indicated that Hussein plan-ned to relinquish some of his power and even abolish the Re-volutionary Command Council. which has key legislative powers over the 250-seat National Assembly, or parliament.

Gulf newspapers said last month that Hussein was planning a cabinet reshuffle soon as part of

his reform package. Hamadi was speaker of the National Assembly before he was appointed as Aziz's deputy in the

Dozens of first-time candidates

Foreign Ministry last year.

and negligence.

Since then a health minister and several senior officials have been sacked for incompetence

The assembly, with its new grouping on non-Baathist deputies, is now expected to endorse a new constitution and a new law permitting political parties other than the Baath, which has ruled Iraq for 20 years.

It was Hamadi who first hinted last August that political reforms were planned.

# MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

# 20 families to return to Gaza Strip

CAIRO (R) - Twenty Palestinian families will be moved from Egypt to the Israeli-occupied Gaza Strip after waiting seven years to rejoin relatives, an Egyptian official said Sunday. Egyptian Ambassador to Israel Mohammad Bassious said in Cairo that the 20 families housed in the Canada Palestiman refugee camp on the Egyptian side of the divided town of Rafah would stait moving to the Israeli-occupied part from June 15, He told reporters that Egypt and Israel agreed to transfer the families at their reduest. When Israel withdraw from Sinai in 1982 in accordance with its 1979 treaty with Egypt but retained control of the Gaza Strip, thousands of Palestinians were separated from their relatives. The refugees on the Egyptian side were housed at Canada camp, where about 500 families live. The camp was named after a Canadian contingent of troops stationed there in the 1960s. They were then told that they would be transferred within six months as specified in the Israeli withdrawal agreement.

### 66 fundamentalists indicted in Egypt

CAIRO (AP) - A state security attorney general Sunday charged 66 Muslim fundamentalists with illegal possession of weapons and explosives and attempt to incite sectarian strife. The indicted include Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman, a blind preacher who had been tried twice and acquitted in connection with the assassination of late President Anwar Sadar. The indictment, announced by Attorney General Abdul Meguid Mahmould, was reported by the Middle East News Agency (MENA). Mahmould charged Abdul Rahman and 50 others of attempting to incite sectarian strife, illegal possession of weapons, assault on individuals and public property, and encouraging crime. The first, all youth, were charged with distributing anti-government leaflets and resisting the authorities. MENA said. The charges stemmed from an anti-government demonstration allegedly led by Abdul Rahman in the southern town of Fayoum April 7. Police rounded up about 1,500 furdamentalists in an ensuing nation-wide crackdown and arrested-19 men in Fayoum for allegedly make crude explosive devices and for throwing them at a cinema, slightly injuring five people.

# Chad says Libya preparing attack

N'DJAMENA (R) - Libya has gathered troops and is preparing to attack Chad through Sudan, the N'djamena government said Sunday. An official statement broadcast on national radio said Libyan-led troops were massed on the Chad-Sudan border and an attack was imminent. Libya "negotiates by day and prepares war by night," it added. The statement, also delivered to foreign embassies in N'djamena, said Sudanese officials and army officers. were involved in preparing "this new military aggression against Chad" from the Darfur region of Sudan. Chadians who fied to Sudan in early April after an abortive rebellion were also implicated, it said. Chad and Libya restored diplomatic relations last October and agreed to settle a 15-year-old dispute over the Aouzou border region peacefully. The two states signed a ceasefire agreement, reached with the help of the Organisation of African Unity, in September 1987.

# Pakistani opposition selects house leader

ISLAMABAD (AP) - Benazir Bhutto's political opposition in Pakistan's National Assembly selected a leader Sunday. Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi, National People's Party (NPP) leader, will head the official opposition, which comprises eight parties and a right-wing alliance. Prime Minister Bhutto left Sunday on her first official visit to the United States. She was overnight in Geneva before continuing on to the United States Monday. Wali Khan, leader of the left-wing Awami National Party, promised a strong opposition will result from the decision to combine vastly divergent political parties under a single leader. As opposition leader Janoi will represent 94 members in the National Assembly, compared to Shuffo's 113. The opposition announcement comes on the he a national budget that has been described as everything from cautious to lacklustre. It steered clear of cutting the defence budget, while tackling a \$2-billion deficit. Tax hikes hit travellers and cigarette smokers but none were seen as controversial.

# Egypt sentences 19 to death for drugs

SUEZ, Egypt (R) - An Egyptian court sentenced 19 foreigners to death for attempted drug smuggling, court officials said Monday. Police arrested 10 of them — four Sudanese, two Bangladeshis, a Kenyan, a Tanzanian, an Indian and a Somali - last July in a boat off the coast stashed with drugs from Pakistan. They were sentenced to death Sunday with the ringleaders of the drugs ring. two Lebanese and a Pakistani, the officials said. An American, a Israeli, two Lebanese and two Palestinians were tried in their absence and also sentenced to death. The sentences were imposed after approval by the grand mufti, a religious authority.

# Sudanese stage anti-U.S. protest

KHARTOUM (R) - Nearly 200 students marched to the U.S embassy in Khartoum Monday to protest at what they called U.S. interference in Sudanese affairs, witnesses said. They said the demonstrators, mostly supporters of the militant opposition National Islamic Front (NIF), shouted anti-U.S. slogans and carried placards criticising government efforts to negotiate a settlement with the rebel Sudan Reople's Liberation Army (SPLA). "Down, down USA." students chanted outside the

# Israel Jails Arab for life

embassy in central Khartoum.

LOD (R) — A military court jailed an Israeli Arab for life for throwing a hand grenade which injured 25 people in central Haifa last August. Ali Abdullah Amaria, 24, a bedouin from Ibtan village near Haifa, admitted carrying out the attack. He also pleaded guilty to throwing petrol bombs at buses and planning to kill former army chief of staff Rafael Eitan. Four Arabs arrested with Amaria have yet to stand trial. The five are alleged to be members of a Fatch cell of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

### JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

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	Public Security Department 63
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	Price Complaints 66
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Dr. Mohammad Al 'Ajam 894184	Amman Municipality
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University Hospital	845845
Al-Muasher Hospital	667227/9
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ZARQA:	
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Zarga National Hospital	. (09)991071
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IRBID: Princess Basma Hospital	
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Greek Catholic Hospital	(02)272275
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AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital	
Princess Haya Hospital	. (03)314111
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### FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RI) information department at the Oueen Alia International Auport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

# **ARRIVALS** Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

	05:30	Singapore, Kuala Lumpur (RJ)
	09:45	Abu Dhabi (RJ)
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	10.20	Adaba (KJ)
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Cairo (MS)

# **UAE's first lady** ends Jordan visit

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AMMAN (Petra) - Sheikha Fatima Bint Mobarak, the wife of United Arab Emirates (UAE) President Sheikh Zayed Ibn Sultan Al Nahayan, left Amman Sunday evening after a severalday visit to Jordan. She was seen off in the airport by Her Majesty Queen Noor and a number of princesses and wives of senior the Noor Al Hussein Foundation

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During her visit to Jordan at an invitation from Queen Noor, Sheikha Farima toured several institutions involved in social

visit to Jordan as successful and praised the brotherly relations between Jordan and the United Arab Emirates. She also paid tribute to Jordan's great achievements under His Majesty King Hussein's rule.

Sheikha Fatima commended (NHF) and the role played by the institution in serving the Jordanian community.

Sheikha Fatima called for cooperation between women in Jordan and the UAE in general In a departure statement, and between NHF and UAE Sheikha Fatima described her Women Federation in particular.

# **Work progresses on** Al Wahdeh project

AMMAN (J.T.) — A joint Jordanian-Syrian committee on the Al Wahdeh Dam to be built across the Yarmouk river has ended a five day meeting here during which it discussed appropriation of land involved in the project and paid a field trip to inspect work on the dam site.

Jordan Valley Authority (IVA) Secretary General Mohammad Bani Hani, who led the Jordanian side to the meeting, said that the committee discussed appropriation of land which will be inundated with the completion of the project, programmes for soil preservation in the Yarmouk River basin and means of reducing sediments in the bottom of the dam reservoir.

The committee members inspected work on a tunnel being built to divert the river water before actual construction work on the dam can be launched. Work on a diversion tunnel for the dam was completed in April and work is now underway to reinforce the tunnel with cement.

The 920-metre tunnel will divert water from the river until the \$400 million dam project has been completed, according to committee sources.

The construction of the diversion tunnel is carried out by a consortium of Jordanian, Syrian and Italian companies at a cost of JD 2.5 million. It will be completed by this August.

The joint committe scheduled another meeting in Damascus in September to follow up discussions and to review the completion of work on the tunnel.

# **IJLTC** board meets

AMMAN (J.T.) — The board of directors of the Iraqi-Jordanian Land Transport Company (ULTC) meets here Tuesday to discuss the company's program-mes and plans for 1989 and to prepare for its general assembly meeting which opens Wednesday.

Ghassan Radwan, undersecretary of the Iraqi Ministry of Transport and Telecommunications arrived in Amman Monday to take part in the meetings.

The board last met in Amman in April and reviewed plans to control and rationalise spending, and discussed a report on the first quarter of 1989, and IJLTC operations between Agaba and Baghdad as well as its participa- trucks.

tion in transporting Jordanian phosphates from the mines to Aqaba for export.

Jamil Ibrahim, the company's director general, said in a statement the company realised a JD 1 million profit in 1988, and nearly JD 667,000 in profits in the first three months of 1989. Since last February, the company began manufacturing spare parts needed for its vehicles, a project which will be expanded and strengthened, according to

The company, which was established in 1980, has work-



Her Royal Highness Princess Basma chairs the opening session of a workshop held Monday on mother and childcare (Petra photo).

# **Boosted efforts called for in** upgrading water management

training manpower employed in said. water resource development in West Asia opened a four-day meeting here Monday to discuss means to improve training programmes, and to work out long-

term strategies. Several working papers will be discussed by the meeting, which has been organised by the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) in coopertation with the Islamic Development Bank and the ministry

of Water and Irrigation. An ESCWA representativetold the meeting, that the scarcity of water resources in West Asia region constitutes one of the major obstacles that impede efforts to promote socio-economic development in the region's coun-

The situation will definitely deteriorate by the end of the century in view of population growth and increase in the use of water resources for domestic, industrial and agricultural purposes, he

Effective and efficient management of water exploitation and distribution and development of water resources warrants additional efforts to provide more training for indigenous manpow-

AMMAN (J.T.) - Experts in er. the ESCWA representative by the end of the century, he said. "It is incumbent upon countries in West Asia to agree on a

> conducted through a specialised training centre," he said. The meeting was opened by Water and Irrigation Minister Mohammad Saleh Al Kilani, with a proposal that such a regional

unified training programme to be

training centre be established in Amman, where there are 22 organisations and vocational training institutions that can help its programmes to be carried out. He said that the Ministry of

Water and Irrigation was striving to provide the highest possible level of training and skill to technicians and workers in water installations. Kilani said potable water now

reaches 96 per cent of the total population of Jordan through the ministry's water networks and that sewerage networks now cover nearly 60 per cent of the Kingdom. But, he noted that Jordan is

located in a semi-desert region with an annual average of 200 millimetres of rainfall. The cost of water is continuing to rise in view of increasing demand and growing population and Jordan's water needs are expected to triple

According to Ministry of Water and Irrigation estimates, Jordan will annually need nearly 270 million cubic metres of water by

Jordan-Austrian cooperation

Water was also the focus of a meeting Kilani had Monday with Austria's Ambassador to Jordan Franz Pernegger.

Kilani briefed the envoy on the water situation in the Kingdom and measures taken to face the increasing demand on water for domestic, industrial and irrigation use.

Kilani also briefed the ambassador on programmes for the distribution of drinking water and programmes to exploit subterranean water resources, and scopes of cooperation between the two countries in providing training courses to technicians employed in Jordan's water installations and stations.

Late last month, the Water Authority of Jordan (WAJ) began rationing water in the Kingdom, following the driest April in 60 years, and in light of relatively poor rainfall in the past winter

# **NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS**

SWEDEN CONGRATULATED: His Majesty King Hussein Monday cabled congratulations to King of Sweden Carl Gustaf on Sweden's National Day anniversary. In his cable, King Hussein wished the Swedish king good health and the Swedish people further

CABLE FROM CHINA: The Foreign Ministry has received a cable from the Jordanian embassy in Peking saving that all Jordanian students at Chinese universities are fine and that none of them have

EDUCATIONAL LINKS: President of Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST) Kamel Ajlouni Monday received U.S. Charge d'Affaires Rock Roberts, who has finished his tour of duty in Amman. Ajlouni praised the efforts Roberts exerted with regard to consolidating academic and cultural ties between Jordanian universities and U.S. educational institutions. Roberts, on his part, praised the high standard JUST attained in various fields (Petra).

Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) has received \$915,000 from Libya as the country's contribution to the council's budget. CAEU Secretary-General Hassan Ibrahim said that the Libyan action bolsters the CAEU and promotes joint efforts to achieve Arab economic integration (Petra).

Hussein Ahmad Doko to three years imprisonment with hard labour for owning and circulating forged American banknotes. The military governor endorsed the sentence (Petra).

HEARING AND SPEECH: Minister of Health and Social Development Dr. Zuhair Malhas Monday visited the Queen Alia Foundation for Hearing and Speech and was briefed on its services. Dr. Malhas expressed the readiness of the Ministry of Health and Social Development to cooperate with the foundation to expand its

AUB EXAMINATIONS: Examinations for Jordanian students enrolled in the Arab University of Beirut will begin Aug. 21, a university spokesman said Monday. The source added that the examinations for students living in Lebanon would be set later

# Strategy workshop on mother, child care stresses integrated effort

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN --- A workshop on strategies of mother and child health care services in Jordan during the 1990s Monday stressed the importance of an integrated, inter-sectoral approach to child care in an attempt to achieve the goal of "health for all by the year 2000."

The workshop, organised by drawing up a plan for targets and the United Nation's Children Fund (UNICEF), was aimed at drawing up policies and identifying priorities for mother and child care services in the Kingdom for the period 1991-1995.

Her Royal Highness Princess Basma, who inaugurated the oneday event, said that despite the Kingdom's significant achievements in the area of child care over the past two decades, Jordan still had "a lot to do" in the area of child protection and child care.

Jordan's achievements in child care, she said, wer reflected by the reduced infant mortality rate (IMR) of 35 per 1000, the improved nutritional levels, the doubled number of governmental and non-governmental organisations, and efforts to improve preschool services in the Kingdom which now reach 15 per cent of the total pre-school children.

One of the most important challenges of the 1990s, Princess Basma said, was that of continued high growth rates which place additional burdens on Jordanians. "Such burdens warrant the ex-

pansion of childhood services in

the health, educational, and cultural fields to ensure the physical, mental and moral growth of our children," she said. UNICEF Regional Director Richard Reid said that despite Jordan's achievement in child care such as the improved IMR and high immunisation coverage. there were still some "problem spots" that need to be addressed. He cited the discrepancies be-

Reid said the workshop would help assess the progress achieved so far in enhancing the quality of life for children in Jordan and

these problems.

tween boys and girls as one of

goals for the next decade. The UNICEF regional office, he said, would be soon presenting its next five year plan (1991-1995) for ratification and funding from

its head office in New York.

Also addressing the workshop's opening session was Health Minister Zuhair Malhas who listed Jordan's challenges for the next decade as follows: executing child spacing programmes; expanding mother and child care services such as oral rehydration and immunisation; conducting studies for the early detection of diseases that lead to mental handicaps; improving the quality of health services in the Kingdom's 469 health care centres and creating a public and family health programme: upgrading the nursing programme in the primary health care field; early detection of mental and physical handicaps which affect 10 per cent of the population: establishing a laboratory to monitor the en-

vironment, especially the food, water, soil and air; expanding and upgrading the nine-year-old medicine supervision laboratory; conducting a new study for a health insurance system; envisaging the next decade's difficulties of dealing with non-communicable diseases such as cancer and high blood pressure.

Malhas said Jordan's new ex-National Medical Institute, which has taken over the responsibility for seconday and tertiary health care from the Health Ministry, should be supported and should in turn support the ministry's programmes. The minister also stressed the

importance of the private sector primary, secondary and tertiary decade," she said.

health care in order to achieve the "health for all" target by the year 2000.

Education Minister Abdullah Nsour, who also addressed the opening session, said that the Education Minstry was reassessing its educational programmes, and would from now on give special importance to the preschool stage all over the

One of the ministry's means of providing health services in schools was through what Nsour called a "preventive" approach of providing proper health educa-tion within its curricula. Such an approach, he said, is a more effective and less costly method of integrating a health education programme into the schools' cur-

Noor Al Hussein Foundation Director In'am Mufti, who also addressed the workshop, discussed the targets and goals for the vear 2000. Mufti stressed the importance of adhering to an "in-tegrative" approach when addressing the needs of children in the next decade.

"Goals and targets (for the year 2000) cannot be looked at in a vacuum." she said. "The role of the parents, the family and the community as well the economic, social and political situation have to be taken into consideration. she added.

A plan of action for the 1990's, Mufti said, has to integrate the basic needs of the child and address the above-mentioned target groups as well.

In Mufti's view, two segments of society need to be given more attention in the country - gifted children who, to a certain extent, periment in health care, the are currently being ignored; and, handicapped children, who need to be more thoroughly integrated into the Kingdom's schools.

"Along with the private and volunteer sector, the government has to draw up a plan of action, define its target with concrete figures and solid criteria which would enable it to measure its in implementing the principles of achievements at the end of the

# shops in Aqaba to provide maintenance to its 900-fleet of go up

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

WHAT'S GOING ON

**EXHIBITIONS** 

★ An archaeological exhibition entitled "The Treasures of Hasma Desert" at the Department of Antiquities Registration Centre. th An art exhibition by three North African artists at Abdul

Hamid Shoman Foundation. the An art exhibition by Ahmad Abu Othman at the Housing Bank

An exhibition by French artist "Olivier Mutillod" at the French Cultural Centre.

An art exhibition by Jordanian and Arab artists at Al Wasiti Art Gallery.

An art exhibition by Nihad Qutaishat at Al Quds (Jerusalem)

\* The Royal Jordanian Geographic Centre exhibition which includes maps, aerial photographs, digital maps and remote sensing at the Royal Cultural Centre.

\* An art exhibition entitled "Tents and Stones" by Samia Al Zaru at Alia Art Gallery. \* An art exhibition entitled "Study in Line and Colour" by Dodi

Taban at the Petra Bank Art Gallery. FILM

\* A video featuring songs by Phil Collins at the American Centre

# Incometax revenues

AMMAN (Petra) - Income tax collected in the first five months of 1989 amounted to JD 30 million, registering an increase of 13 per cent over the same period last year, according to Income Tax Department Director Salman Al Tarawneh.

He also said that the department was going ahead with a programme enabling taxpayers to pay their dues in monthly installments in accordance with regualtions issued earlier this year.

According to Tarawneh, the

following organisations are requested to submit tax forms providing information about their income in the past year: shareholding companies, private companies, merchants, hospitals, drug stores, pharmacies, laboratories, contractors, maintenance and cleaning companies, clearing firms, consultancy offices, airlines, maritime and shipping firms, tourist and travel agents, real estate offices, printing prsses, and publishing houses, hotels, restaurants, cinemas, night clubs, theatres, recreational centres, jewellers, doctors, engineers, lawyers, accountants and auditors, real estate owners. schools, kindergartens and community colleges.

progress and prosperity (Petra).

been hurt in recent violence there (Petra).

CEAU GETS CONTRIBUTION: The secretariat of the Council of

FORGERS JAILED: The military court has sentenced Nizar As'ad Ilias Baza, Mohammad Bashar Ibn Mohammd Wajih, and Khaled

services to various parts of the Kingdom (Petra).

# Castanet, vibrating guitars in town this week

By Hind-Lara Mango Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — On the occasion of Spain assuming the rotating presidency of the European Community (EC), the Spanish Cultural Centre, in cooperation with the Spanish embassy, is hosting a flamenco show at the Royal

Cultural Centre this week. The flamenco group Serranito is not performing in Jordan for the first time; it previously gave shows here in 1983 and 1988, but unfortunately not many people were given the opportunity to see them since the troupe gave only one performance in 1988. Fortunately this time, two shows will be offered to the public June 7 and June 8.

The six-member group, include Victor Monge, after whom the group is named. Monge is considered to be among the best guitarists in Spain because of his sensitive and creative playing. As

a composer, his flamenco music has a distinctive style and a definite character. He was became the first guitar soloist to have given a concert in India in 1984. He has also earned praise from countries such as Australia, the U.S. and the Soviet Union.

set programme since this type of art depends on natural, flowing movements which depend a great deal on the place and time. It is the first time for flamenco dancer Beatriz Martin in Jordan. She has been dancing since the age of 12, and has participated in

The music and dancing have no

the famous "Marquilla" dancing Javier Baron is Martin's dance partner. An abundance of energy and vivacity characterise his movements, since a lot of foot stamping and jumping is involved. He is a member of the National Ballet of Spain from which he has taken a two year

leave, so this explains his finesse.

Fernando Galvez sing: lo

Monge and Oscar Luis Herrero's guitar. Herrero gave his first solo performance at the age of 12. He has been given several awards including the Taranta award in the Festival of de las Minas (Murcia).

Like Herrero, Miguel Rivera gave his first solo show at the age of 17. Experimenting with different musical forms holds a fascination for him. This has encouraged him in putting on a show of flamenco jazz with the jazz guitarist David Smith in Austra-lia. It was after this show that Rivera met with Serranito, and with whom he has been ever

This group provide an interest-ing taste of Spanish culture, and an entertaining evening for those of you who enjoy the sound of clicking castanet vibrating guitars, and strong resounding

Tickets are available at the Royal Cultural Centre for JD 4.





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# Not another 22 years

THE MIDDLE East has undergone sweeping changes since that fateful day 22 years ago when a war was launched in the region culminating in Israel's "conquest" of all of Palestine and Syria's Golan Heights. Temperaments and uncompromising hardline positions have shifted to reason and moderation and signs are clear in the horizon of desire for peace on both sides, though the natures of envisaged solutions differ dramatically. There can be no denial of the fact that the most meaningful change in the Israeli position came about in the course of the past 18 months; it was during this period that the occupation power was physically prodded by Palestinian stones to wake up to the reality that continued military control and "administration" of the occupied territories is no answer to the core problem.

The anniversary of the 1967 war, which coincides with the anniversary of Israel's 1982 invasion of Lebanon, should serve as an occasion for some on both sides of the Arab-Israeli divide to remind themselves of the fact that peace and security do not come through military might bullets included, rubber, plastic or otherwise. The last two decades have proved the wisdom of this universal truth, whether in Vietnam, Afghanistan, Namibia or Cambodia. Time and again, this concept has been advocated to the Israelis, but to no avail. If anything, it appears to have had only reinforced the Zionist state's resolve to hang onto the occupied Arab territories at any cost, hoping that sooner or later the ripples of resistances would go away and the people under occupation would meekly accept whatever the occupier wishes to offer them. It was only when the ripples turned to giant waves that the Israelis took notice of the undercurrent — the Palestinian determination to seek independence and liberation at whatever price, whether in blood or in bones.

For some, particularly in the West and the United States, it may seem strange why many in the Middle East see very little in the way of progress on the Israeli side towards peace at a time when the Zionist state is steadily pushing and trying to sell its so-called "peace initiative" based on elections to choose Palestinians to negotiate "self-rule" pending a "final solution." Well, it is so, simply because we in the Middle East know that the "final solution" falls far short of Israel relinquishing any of the occupied territories let alone the Palestinians achieving their aspirations for freedom and independence — something very conveniently overlooked by Israel's supporters.

At this point in time, when the Palestinian quest for peace has manifested itself as an Arab strategy for a settlement based on coexistence and fairness, we pay tribute to the Palestinian uprising and hope that it would continue to gain strength to sweep the Israeli chessboard and force the Zionist leaders to realise the futility of their stalling tactics, accept the inevitability of a just and fair solution to the problem and not seek to prolong the conflict for another 22

# **JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS**

Two Jordanian dailies Monday commented on June 5, the 22nd anniversary for the occupation of the Arab lands of Palestine in the 1967 war. Al Ra'i daily said that despite the numerous developments in the Arab region over the past 22 years, peace is far off and out of reach. The past 22 years have witnessed an upsurge of violence in the Middle East a stepped up campaign of repression by Israel against the Palestinians and an uprising by the Palestinians against occupation, the paper noted. It said that the ongoing struggle indicates that the Arabs adhere to their land and their rights and are willing to make peace in order to regain these rights. The past 22 years of occupation and repression did not succeed in forcing the Arab people to give up an iota of their homeland and the Israeli repressive measures have if anything, succeeded only in boosting the Palestinian nationalist spirit and the resistance against occupation, the paper added. Throughout the past 22 years Jordan was the staunchest Arab supporter for the Palestinians and their rights in their homeland, the paper noted. It said that this support and backing at all levels will continue until the Palestinians regain their legitimate rights and

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily comments on the death of Ayatollah Khomeini, the spiritual leader of Iran for the past 10 years. Rakan Al Majali, who is also the newspaper's editor, notes that Khomeini who brought down Iran's monarchy but failed to employ the revolution in a manner to improve the economic and the social conditions of the Iranian people. What Khomeini has succeeded in achieving, the writer says, was further wretchedness for the Iranian people through his pursuit of conflict with Iraq which brought economic destruction to his country. The writer notes also that Khomeini's tyrannical rule in Iran as well as the war with Iraq brought about the death and the displacement of at least four million people and caused poverty in Iran, thus creating hostility among the Iranian people against his rule. The war which ended in a humiliating defeat for Iran, the writer continues, has isolated Iran from the rest of the Islamic World and the Iranian people had to pay the price for all of Khomeini's ill-fated policies in the past decade.

Sawt Al Shaab daily also commented on Khomeini's death and said that the absence of the tyrant who brought about the destruction of his country, should be a good chance for the Iranian people to embark on a new road of socio-economic development and restructuring. The paper said that the mullahs who inherited the regime in Tehran will find that they have insurmountable tasks to handle and a mountain of problems to tackle. It said that the whole world and the peace loving nations in particular are now expecting Tehran to adopt new measures that would bring back peace in the Gulf and open the way for stability which is an essential element for development.

# Fear and ignorance breed violence

By Anthony Lewis

BOSTON - The conflict between Israelis and Palestinians is stoked by fear: mutual fear. We at a distance know that as a generality, as we know it of Northern Ireland or any intercommunal conflict. But we cannot really know the blinding personal intensity of the emotion.

Now Americans have a rare chance to see fear working on the minds of Israelis and Palestinians, breeding hate and more fear. The feelings are there, raw, in a Public Broadcasting documentary to be shown Monday evening: an adaptation of David Shipler's book, "Arab and Jew: Wounded Spirits in a Promised Land."

We see, and weep. For the film shows how human beings on both sides can be convinced from what they have experienced themselves, or what they know their There were atrocities on the Jew-

cause justifies the use of any means. "History becomes truth," Mr. Shipler says.

As the New York Times corspondent in Jerusalem from 1979 to 1984. David Shipler reported on both sides of the conflicts with exceptional sensitivity and courage. Now at the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace in Washington, he wrote the film treatment of his book, did the narration, and was execu-

The programme shows that there are reasons in history for the mutual fears. Before the birth of Israel in 1948 Jews in Palestine were the victims of Arab attacks. Arabs, for their part, saw the land being taken over by another

As the state was declared in 1948, Arab armies attacked.

people have suffered, that their ish side, too. The film has painful interviews with two survivors of the massacre in the Arab village of Deir Yassin.

But the emotions go beyond reason. Each side has its stereotypes of the other, as if to define its own existence by its hateful image of the enemy.

"From my experience the Arab is very extreme," says Raphael Eitan, a former Israeli Army Chief of Staff, now an extreme right-wing member of the Knesset. "Like a wild animal... like

Alouph Hareven, a former intelligence officer, says, "Fear and ignorance reinforce themselves all the time." He tells of his conversation with a taxi driver who says of the Arabs: "We should beat them and beat them and beat them until they stop

Abu Nasser, a Palestinian con-

coolly how he threw a hand grenade at a group of Israeli soldiers. Just as detached is a Palestinian identified only as Josef, estimating the chances of killing some-

one with a Molotov cocktail. Hagai Segal, a convicted Jewish terrorist, describes how and his confederates planned to bomb the Palestinian mayors of towns in the West Bank. One of the mayors was maimed by the attack. Mr. Segal says nothing he has done in his life bothers him

Not all those who speak are blinded by fear and hate. Mr. Shipler found some on both sides who were able to understand the other, or who saw the futility of the cycle of rage. Rabbi Yosef Porat's daughter,

Tirza, was killed when she and a group of West Bank settlers' children approached the village of

victed of terrorism, describes Beita. Others call for "revenge," and the army blows up 14 houses of Palestinians — one of whom had actually sheltered the children. But Rabbi Porat says:

"It doesn't help to uproof your enemy's tree."

Many of us who follow the Israeli-Palestinian conflict closely keep hoping for a political re-solution. We take heart from such developments as the fresh American engagement in the problem, the leadership of President Bush and Secretary of State Baker. This film is a needed counter to optimism. It reminds ns of the terrible human obstacles

After seeing the film I tele-phoned the leading Israeli expert on the occupied West Bank and Gaza, Meron Benvenisti. With anguish in his voice, he said that the situation on the ground was

growing worse, that israelis' fear of the Palestinian oprising was now producing violent acts against Arabs and rage even against military leaders.

"Fear and retaliation and hatred are becoming a norm on both sides," Mr. Benvenisti said. "Neither can understand the chain reaction from what it is

"There is this diplomacy, the talk of elections looking toward a long term. But there will be no long term because of the short! I tell you the situation is ugly. This summer is going to be a turning

"Each side thinks it's going to be so bad that the other will wake up to where they are. But the only thing that happens is fear. And fear breeds more confrontations and more fear - The New

# Khomeini — one of a kind

Reuters

TEHRAN - Avatollah Ruhollah Khomeini swept to power in 1979 in an Islamic revolution that shook the Muslim world and turned pro-Western Iran into a militant religious republic defying both superpowers.

The gaunt, white-bearded clergyman unleashed a whirlwind of violent change, attacking 40 years of Westernisation under the Pahlavi Shahs with executions of monarchists and purges of the armed forces, government, industry and universities.

He drove his country on in a war with Iraq that cost Iran at least 120,000 lives before bitterly accepting a ceasefire which took effect in August 1988, saying the idea of making peace with Iraq's President Saddam Hussein was deadlier than drinking poison.

Bent on building a puritanical Islamic society in what he saw as a hostile world, Khomeini, preached isolationism and rejection of alien influences, lashing out against a range of outside powers he regarded as evil or corrupt.

These included the United States — "the great Satan" to Khomeini — the Soviet Union, and Muslim rulers of conservative Arab countries whom he regarded as materialists subservient to the West.

Khomeini's appeal to the mass of Iranian poor lay in his charismatic looks, independent stance, asceticism and ability to inspire the Shi'ite Muslims who comprise 90 per cent of Iran's 50 million people.

He stepped in firmly at crucial times to deflect threats he felt to his vision and reassert the revolution's militancy — as in 1989 when pragmatic officials were trying to forge a moderate course for the country after wartime isolation.

"Creating a new culture based on Islam in the world and a strong Islamic confrontation with America and the Soviet Union entails hardship, martyrdom and hunger," Khomeini said.

In February 1989 he raised a storm by ordering Muslims to seek out and kill British author Salman Rushdie for blaspheming Islam in his novel "The Satanic

Verses."
A month earlier, Khomeini had sent an envoy to Moscow to invite Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev to give up Communist godlessness and convert to Islam, In March 1989, he forced his designated successor, Ayatollah

Hossein Ali Montazeri, to resign,

saying the man he had described

as "the fruit of my life" was unfit for political leadership. Inside sources assert that Montazeri's fault was his flirting with liberal politicians and criticism of the government's treatment of dissidents.

The move left a potential power vacuum at the top in case of his death, yet Khomeini insisted that it was in the best interest of Islam and no other consideration

was relevant.
The system's vulnerability was underlined in May when Khomeini underwent surgery to stem bleeding in the stomach while crucial amendments to the constitution he had ordered to make the election of a new successor possible were still being

debated. Despite his god-like position for many devout followers, deep differences among his close aides on questions of economy and culture and the general road to an ideal society dogged the Islamic republic he founded.

Efforts to impose Islamic dress on all women and to stamp out alcohol, pop music and trappings of Western culture had superficial

About two million people went into exile, some for political reasons and other due to the republic's economic problems and the ravages of the war with

Iraq.
Turbaned clergymen and revolutionary activists moved into key official posts and business was taken over by the state, bazaar shopkeepers and a new class of entrepreneur.

### Personal history

Born in September 1902, Khomeini spent his first 60 years as a theological student and teacher. He was known as outspoken defender of traditional Shi'ite Islam and clerical rights, with an interest in ethics, mysticism and poetry.

Khomeini's elder brother Ayatollah Morteza Pasandideh told reporters in 1983 that Khomeini was the youngest of a family of three sons and three daughters.

Their father, the leading clergyman in the small central town of Khomein, was murdered by tribal bandits when Khomeini was only four months old.

Pasandideh said he taught Khomeini his first lessons and in the early 1920s Khomeini moved to the newly-revived theological school in Qom. In 1930 he married his wife, Ghods-e-Iran, who came from a wealthy religious family and bore him two sons and three daughters.

His younger son Ahmad became a key aide, channeling those who sought access to Khomeini and appearing by his with emotion.

Khomeini's opposition to the shah's Westernisation drive in the early 1960s made him the leader of Islamic fundamentalist resistance. In 1964 he was exiled for his campaign. From exile in the holy Shi'ite

town of Najaf in Iraq. Khomeini continued to work against the shah through a network of sympathetic clergymen all over Iran, who circulated statements and tape-recordings of his political

In 1978 the Shah's apparently unassailable military and police state faced economic troubles. The Shah faltered in the face of leftist and Islamic unrest. Nationwide strikes, demonstrations and mass-mourning parades esca-

Khomeini emerged as the unifying symbol of the movement and in one famous month people

even reported seeing his face in the moon.

The Shah left Iran Jan. 16. 1979, as law and order collapsed. On Feb. 1, Khomeini flew to Tehran from Paris, where he had spent his last four months in exile, and was greeted by millions of cheering people. Three days of

last government from power. Gangs claiming allegiance to Khomeini used violence to attack secular parties and close their offices. Islamic courts ordered executions that horrified liberals and the West.

street fighting forced the Shah's

The 1979 constitution granted Khomeini sweeping powers as the supreme religious ruler, including command of the armed forces. the choice of members to top law-making councils and limited rights to dismiss the president.

The provisional government led by old-school nationalists fell when radical Islamic students seized the U.S. embassy on Nov. 7, 1979, Khomeini hailed their

The crisis over the 15-month detention of more than 50 Americans had a radicalising effect on the revolution, as did the out-break of the war with Iraq in September 1986 Baghdad called for peace but

territory to force President Hussein from office, a task he realised was impossible only in 1988. "Not for a moment do regret our record in the war," he said in February 1989, dismissing growing questions raised about

Khomeini took the war onto Iraqi

### the wisdom of dragging the war on for eight years. Economic stalemate

In 1988 Khomeini endorsed both factions vying for supremacy in the cierical leadership - one favouring a market-dominated economy and the other advocating greater state control - and urged them to work together.

But the stalemate dogged the economy as post-revolutionary ownership of a fifth of Iran's agricultural land, private property and 500 nationalised industries was left undecided.

Khomeini, who had taken a lower profile since 1985 to allow senior officials to rehearse for the post-Khomeini era, returned to centre stage three years later when it became clear the differ-

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ences could not be easily solved. He decreed that the Islamic government had near-absolute powers and could suspend basic rulings of Islam in order to cope

with modern problems. In June 1988, Khomeini appointed a close aide, Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, as acting commander-in-chief with a brief to streamline the armed forces following a series of Iraqi victories in the last months of the Gulf

Rafsanjani, parliamentary speaker since 1980, had played a key role in the purchase of U.S. weapons in exchange for freedom for American hostages in Lebanon in the "Irangate"

Khomeini suffered a heart attack in January 1980 and moved to Tehran from Qom for better medical attention.

For more than nine years he did not leave a small cheaplyfurnished, rented house in a sealed-off north Tehran suburb, protected by road blocks, anti-aircraft guns and fiercely loval revolutionary guards.

Khomeini's personal feelings were an enigma. Asked what he felt as he flew back in triumph to Tehran in 1979, he simply replied: "nothing."

His son Ahmad said on Iranian television that when informed of the sudden death of his beloved eldest son Mostafa in Najaf in 1977, Khomeini just said three times "we are of God and we return unto him" and went about his daily schedule.

The main emotions he showed were flashes of anger and a mocking wit used against internal opposition and foreign powers. On days of Shi'ite mourning, he would appear on television sobbing into a white handkerchief.

Khomeini was a fastidious legalist and his clockwork discipline was not changed by experience of absolute power.

"Everyone begins to worry if he does not enter the room exactly at ten past one for lunch," his daughter Zahra Mostafavi told the Iranian magazine Shahed in June 1988.

"Not one minute of his time is idle. He even carries his radio to the bath," said Mostafavi, a 50year-old philosophy teacher at Tehran University.

# El Salvador takes new turn with rightist government

By Paul Iredale Reuter

SAN SALVADOR — After a decade of guerrilla war that has claimed over 70,000 lives, El Salvador embarks on a new political path last Thursday with a rightwing government promising efficiency and a firm hand.

Salvadoreans, weary of economic mismanagement and the daily toll of violence, have given the Nationalist Republican Alliance (ARENA) an ample mandate to rule. The party won 53 per cent of the vote in presidential elections in March.

... But as millionaire coffee-grower Alfredo Cristiani dons the presidential sash, most Salvadoreans believe it is ARENA founder Roberto D'Aubuisson who is assuming real power and many question how long it will be before internal party differences

paralyse the government. "Cristiani will be the puppet president of his party," a respected Salvadorean academic, who asked not to be identified, told reporters. "The deeper the crisis, the greater the power that D'Aubuisson will have."

D'Aubuisson, a retired army major, denies widespread accusation that he masterminded the death squads which killed thousands of leftists at the beginning of the decade.

He appears content with the role of puppet-master.

Having narrowly failed to beat outgoing President Jose Napoleon Duarte in 1984 elections, D'Aubuisson has allowed Cristiani to give ARENA a more respectable image and has apparently shunned government But "Major Bob" has taken authoritarian."

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care to place his men in key government positions and few doubt that Cristiani's freedom to manoeuvre will be severely limited by the ARENA old guard.

### A newcomer

Cristiani, a relative newcomer to politics, seeks to revitalise El Salvador's ailing economy by denationalising the banks and the coffee export sector and diversifying production in the mainly

agricultural country.
With advice from Chicago University's Arnold Harberger, he is planning an economic model based on that adopted by Chile, with its emphasis on free trade, open domestic financial markets and liberal foreign investment regulations.

But analysts say that even before the economic programme is announced, the diverse elements of ARENA are fighting for their own sectoral interests, and in the end it is those with the closest links to the old guard under D'Aubuisson who are likely to

In the short term, the ARENA government is likely to present a more united front on the security issue. Cristiani has said he will talk to the guerrillas of the Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front (FMLN) about the terms of their surrender, but will not

negotiate on their demands. The new government is expected to clamp down on dissent in the universities and trade unions, areas from which the guerrilla movement draws much of its

moral support.
This is going to be a very surgical operation," the academic said. "I don't expect a bloodbath office in the new administration. but they are going to be very

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# Golddiggers remain steadfast in the deepest Amazon

By Paul Mylrea

BOA VISTA, Brazil - Deep in the Brazilian rainforest hundreds of thousands of men toil day and night in one of history's largest

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Fleeing poverty in the northeast or drawn from the wealthier south by talk of enormous riches, they see themselves as pioneers and adventurers.

Their critics deride them as despoilers of the country's wealth and polluters of one of the world's largest natural treasures the Amazon rainforest.

The government, mining companies. Indian rights campaigners and ecologists here and abroad want this army of burrowers out. But the prospectors - or garimpeiros as they are called in Portuguese — are not moving.

"The world can talk about getting the golddiggers out. But where are they going to get us out to? This is Amazonia," Jose Altino Machado, a prospectors' leaders, told Reporters.

Rejecting foreign attacks on Brazil for failing to protect the Amazon, he added: "What frig-Intened the Europeans was not (the recent murder of environmental campaigner) Chico Mendes because they were talking about the Amazon before that, nor the burning of the rain-

"What frightened the Europeans was that when they shook the trees, they found all these people underneath. They thought there was nothing here but Indians and animals.

Flying above Brazil's northernmost State of Roraima, it is hard to believe that such an army of men is at work beneath the unbroken rainforest canopy extending to the horizon on all

But on a short walk through the forest in a prospecting area, the sound of pumps leads to one riverside excavation after another, each with its team of mud-caked garimpeiros.

More come every day. Airlines have increased commercial flights to Boa Vista from one to four a day and the number of buses from Manaus, 65 kilometres away, has trebled.

Garimpeiros leaders say the Amazon is now home to a million prospectors. Mining experts say

the total may be slightly less. The Amazon gold rush evokes comparisons with Brazil's first in the 18th century, which made the Portuguese colony the world's largest gold producer and gave

Portugal a century of prosperity. Brazil produced an estimated 1,000 tonnes of the precious met-

"The Amazon gold rush evokes comparisons with Brazil's first in the 18th century, which made the Portuguese colony the world's largest gold producer and gave Portugal a century of prosperity. Brazil produced an estimated 1,000 tonnes of the precious metal over that century before the mainly shallow diggings gave

mainly shallow diggings gave out. The new gold rush is little more than 10 years old, but it has made Brazil the world's sixth biggest gold producer behind South Africa, the Soviet Union, the United States, Canada and Australia.

Mining experts say rich deposits in areas near here look set to push Latin America's largest nation even higher up the list.

Output has trebled in a decade to about 100 tonnes last year. Between 70 and 80 tonnes of that was dug up by garimpeiros.

A new golden

"Brazil is set to produce 100 tonnes a year into the next century," Rio-based gold consultant Peter Rich told reporters.

Garimpeiros say they are bringing a new golden age to the

Amazon region. "In Boa Vista, there must be a lear jet arriving every day, bring-ing money to buy gold," said Altino, founder of the Amazon

Garimpeiros Union.

He says that few banks are willing to lend money for projects in Amazonia and without prospectors the region would be an economic backwater. "You just can't get finance here... so the prospectors make the region work." he said.

Garimpeiros also say their efforts are crucial to a country burdened with the developing world's largest debt.

But apart from a rash of goldbuying shops, a few tawdry night clubs and an airport full of planes, there is little in this state capital to suggest gold has brought lasting prosperity.

"The garimpeiros leave little behind," Rich said. "They give a short-term boost to suppliers but little else. There is no question that the

gold helps the (national) economy and provides an aura of stability," he added. For years much of the gold was

Growing disenchantment with the Brazilian economy has kept more in the country as investors here turn increasingly to gold. For Indian rights campaigners,

smuggled out of the country.

even a new golden age would not justify the garimpeiros presence in the rainforest. "(Prospecting) is a series of crimes," said Carlo Zacquini, the

Boa Vista representative of the

commission for a creation of a Yanomani (Indian) park. "It is not just the death of Indians. It is the plundering of wealth, the polluting of waters, and the incentive for smuggling

nd crime," he said. The garimpeiros say people like Zaquini — an Italian who came to work in the region 24 years ago and has stayed, increasingly embittered at the treatment of Indians — have got it

They admit to polluting rivers with mercury, although they say people are studying ways of extracting gold without the highly toxic metal, but say that clashes with Indians are rare and that they respect the rainforest.

'Look below," said one garimpeiro in a small plane. "There's not a break in the trees. We don't cut anything down."

Altino is a charismatic figure who once spent three weeks in jail for defying the army and encouraging the first garimpeiros into the Roraima rainforest. Now a powerful political lobbyist, his vision is to turn garimpeiros into businessmen through laws legalising prospecting.

If the laws were to permit it, I believe that in two to three years we could have 100 new companies, already among the largest of Brazil, all in the gold sector,

But Altino admits this is unlikely. Many garimpeiros work in land set aside for primitive Amazon Indians. Others are in areas claimed by large mining com-

Officially, the government wants the garimpeiros out of Indian territory and off mining company land. But the army, committed to exploiting the Amazon region and sharply critical of Indian rights campaigners or ecological groups, has said it is impossible to keep the garimpeiros

Even leading ecologists, such as Fernando Gabeira, president of Brazil's Green Party, want the Garimpeiros involved in discussions over the future of the "No serious project for the

Amazon can exclude the fate of

paper column.

more or less than half a million Resilience is essential in Bang-Garimpeiros spread out in the forest," he said in a recent newsladesh. While the nation is regularly engulfed during the monsoons, the vagaries of nature

mous determination.

washed away."

By Cherie Hart

IN a flash, the village was gone. It

was as if a giant scoop had dug

out Khoksa Bari village and the

mighty Brahmaputra River had

filled in the enormous hole. The

twisted frame of a schoolhouse

hanging over a swampy crater

were all that remained of what

once was. Rusted railway cars.

thrown over the embankments in

e desperate attempt to halt the

rising water, stand on end as

symbols of man's tenuous strug-

gle against nature. While the hos-

pital, the church and 200 homes

floated away, the 1,000 people of

Khoksa Bari miraculously sur-

vived. As did their resolve to start

over. Rebuilding has become a

way of life for those in the worst

hit flood region of northwest Bang-

ladesh, an area so remote it takes

four hours by jeep and another

two by ferry to get there from Dhaka, only 150 kilometres

away. "Our land has turned into a river," says Osman Ghani, one

of the villagers who lost every-

thing but his life in the flood.

"But our strength cannot be

make farmers equally desperate for precious water during the dry season. Last September's disaster, however, was the worst flood in Bangladesh's history. It left 1,600 dead, and destroyed \$500 million in crops and property. Two-thirds of the country was submerged. The inundation was caused by the simultaneous swelling of the Ganges and the

Bangladesh bounces back

of Bengal. These rivers rise and peak every year, but rarely at the exact same time. In fact, prevention poses the most vexing problem facing development planners, because it not only eludes facile solutions. but is studded with thorny political issues as well. While UNDP was able to mobilise short-term relief aid, the search for more lasting remedies has been painfully difficult. "You can continually invest millions of dollars for re-

building and have it continually

wash away," says Barker. "Our

job is to prevent that from hap-

what was available from contribu-

Brahmaputra Rivers, which start

in China in the Himyalayas and

flow through Nepal, Bhutta and

India before pouring into the Bay

pening. "If there are any heroes that Immediately after the floods, came out of the September the Government of Bangladesh floods, they are the people of launched an appeal to the international community for assist-Bangladesh," says David Barker, Deputy Resident Representative ance. UNDP coordinated the aid. of the United Nations Develop-'We acted as a liaison between ment Programme (UNDP) in Bangladesh and the donors," says Bangladesh, "All over the coun-UNDP Resident Representative try they picked themselves up Erling Dessau, who was also named as the local Special Representative of the U.N. Secretaryslowly, painfully, and with enor-

General for the Emergency in Bangladesh. "We matched what was needed by the country with tions," he says. Donors around the world dug deep into their pockets and pledged more than \$500 million.

Needs

Reconstruction needs were soon translated into projects which are now being carried out by UNDP and other agencies. Roads are being rebuilt and repairs are being made to broken phone lines and damaged clinics, schools, homes, inland waterways and irrigation canals.

The distribution of seeds to farmers was an important element of UNDP support. "You have to have food in people's stomachs before you can talk about providing any kind of development asistance," says Bar-ker. UNDP mobilised 4,500 tonnes of high-yielding wheat seeds for distribution by the Bangladesh Agriculture Development Corporation. Half the seeds were allocated free of charge. The remainder were sold in farmers, with funds from the sales put into a special account for longer range agricultural development pro-

For Ali Akbar, a farmer in Comilla, 100 kilometres east of Dhaka, the seeds were his only chance for survival. "I had nothing but the clothes on my back the food I was able to out top of my roof," he says. Today, his one hectare plot is waist high wheat and he waits anxiously for the harvest. After feeding his six children, he hopes to sell the extra wheat at the market. "The planting is done," he says. "The rest is in God's hands.

In an emergency as devastating as the recent floods, international agencies had to work together to reinforce each other's efforts. The World Food Programme began mobilising 240,000 tonnes of emergency shipments of grain and managed a food-for-work effort which targetted the poor, including those employed in the repair of flood control and drainage structures, the desilting of canals and the building of flood control barries.

The government estimates that at least 1.5 million homes were destroyed and more than 2.5 million were damaged. UNDP has began work on a \$3.3 million programme for construction of more durable, flood-resistant rural housing. This grant assistance was given to non-governmental organisations for distribution as low-interest revolving loans to those in most need of housing.

"Our approach is to improve bousing loan programmes, and identify bousing designs that will better survive the next flood." says Barker. "Whenever possible, we try to make sure that a housing project becomes an income generating project too."

The Grameen Bank of Bangladesh is expected to receive \$5.5 million from donor contributions for reconstructing houses damaged in the flood. Muhammed Yunus, an economics professor

from Chittagong University, founded the unique bank in 1976. It gives low-interest credit to farmers who usually remain outside the orbit of normal banking systems. Yunus reasoned that if financial resources could be made available to the poor at terms that are reasonable, "these millions of small people with their millions of small pursuits can add up to create the biggest development wonder.

The Grameen Bank's housing loan fund is given at five per cent annual interest, to be repaid in weekly installments - usually the equivalent of a dollar a week. The basic structure of each \$325 house consists of four cement pillars, produced by Grammen construction contractors, and a corrugated iron sheet roof. "For most of the poor, particularly women and the self-employed, a house is also a factory," says Muzammel Hug, the deputy director of Grameen Bank. "A new house is a symbol of hope and the start of a new life."

Villagers in Dighir Par, 40 kilometres east of Dhaka, can attest to the critical role of a house in ensuring economic survival. Residents there lost 25 homes in the flood. Fifteen have been rebuilt through the Grameen Bank loans. "Our new home was our first step back into life," says Laily Begum, one of the area residents. "Without it, I would have had to beg to feed my family.

When the flood waters came, Begum watched helplessly as her vegetables, ducks and chickens washed away. Her husband put their youngest son on his shoulders and the remaining four children had to swim for their lives alongside their mother. Everything they owned, except a cow which they had moved to high ground, was swept away by the rushing waters. Three months later, they were moving into their new house. Begum is repaying their loan by selling milk from their cow and weaving cloth at home on her new loom, also purchased with a bank loan.

'The beams on our house are much stronger now," she says. "I hope we will never have to worry about our house floating away again." Of the 3,000 homes which UNDP fmanced through the Grameen Bank after the floods two years ago, only one was destroyed in last year's deluge. In fact, the bank's housing programme has been nominated for the Genevabased Aga Khan Award for Architecture for 1989.

The return of the monsoon rains and the floods which follow are as inevitable in Bangladesh as the nation's determination to repair the damage. Which is why priority has been given to building structures that will endure future torrents. But as last year's floods demonstrated, the success of every reconstruction effort rests on the Bangladesh people themselves, and they have proven to be as strong-willed as the flood waters were devastating.

# al over that century before the The view from Nepal

# Who flooded Bangladesh?

By Mana Man Singh

EVEN as rehabilitation efforts began in the aftermath of the September 1988 floods, the search was on for the cause of the floods and a possible remedy. Was land erosion in the hills of Nepal and India to blame, or was this a freak flood against which there was no protection? Should there be high dams built in Nepal and India, or more levees in Bangladesh? Was this a regional issue that required joint efforts by all concerned — Bangladesh, Bhutan, India and Nepal? The search for answers even led to the U.N. General Assembly, which called for a unified international response to "assess, predict and prevent' future flooding.

This has proven to be no small task. The World Bank stands ready to conduct feasibility studies for a system of dams and canals — if only the countries of the region would agree to cooperate. This they are willing to do up to a point. Shortly after the flood waters subsided, Bangladesh Foreign Minister Humayun Rasheed Choudhury pressed for a water authority among the South Asian countries similar to the joint management of the flood-prone Mekong Delta in Southeast Asia. And President Hussain Mohammed Ershad took the same message on a tour of the capitals of India, Nepal and Bhutan. But his talks on the possible damming of diverting of the region's rivers ran aground on questions of sovereignty relating to land-use policies, irrigation and

navigation rights. Each country has its own interest in the rivers," says P.P. Vaidyaraman, a scientist with India's Central Water, Power and Research Station. "It takes time to get together and agree on a course of action — almost as long as it takes for a river to change

Unable to wait that long, President Ershad opted for second best, which was to set up separate task forces with each of his three neighbours. These joint commissions have already started to cooperate. While their work is no substitute for a regional study. they are expected to provide enough reliable cross-border data

warning system. There remains the question of the extent to which last year's flood was a natural phenomena, and how much was due to mostly man-made acts committed up-

to begin building a viable flood

Most scientists agree that deforestation in the Himalayan mountains, caused by peasants in search of wood for fuel and overcutting by timber contractors, has led to increased rainwater runoff. This has boosted river levels during the annual monsoon. However, opinion is divided among climatologists, ecologists and soil scientists as to whether the additional runoff is significant enough to explain the floods of 1988.

The complexity of the subject did not restrain some Dhaka newspapers from carrying a rash of "blame the mountain" commentaries. "Bangladesh is being destroyed by its neighbours, B.M. Abbas, a former minister for water resources, was quoted as saying. It was Abbas who first proposed the building of 12 large dams, most of them in Nepal, to hold back the monsoon waters as

a flood control measures. Some experts believe that deforestation in the Himalayas is only part of the problem, and call for equal attention to be paid to planning long-term river control strategies within Bangladesh itself. To date, they say, too many flood control programmes have been of the desperate "mend and patch" variety. According to the

London-based Panos Institute, which studies global development issues. many existing levees in Bangladesh were built without regard to any overall plan.

While conceding that the rivers originating in Bhutan, India and Nepal certainly made matters worse for Bangladesh in September, some climatologists maintain that the main cause of the disaster was torrential rains within Bangladesh. Others link the floods to changes in the global climate brought about by the "greenhouse effect." In the absence of regional data, it is not even clear which river is more to blame, the Ganges or the Brahmaputra.

Amidst all the talks of expensive dams and canals, Deepak Gyawali, a Nepali engineer and economist, deplores the exclusive focus on "technical fixes." \*Equating flood protection with engineering works is almost refle thinking," says Gywali. "This has prevented other perhaps more sustainable approaches from being considered," Gyawali favours "non-engineering" solutions which include reforestation.

B.B. Vohra, a leading Indian environmentalist, supports a comprehensive approach to the flood question.



The remains of a school in Khoksa Bari after the floods.

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LIAR'S MOON

# Peking carnage jolts Far East

HONG KONG (R) — Hong Kong's main stock indicator responded to the weekend carnage in Peking by plumetting 581 points, or 21 per cent, Monday. It was the biggest single-day fall since the October 1987 crash.

A plunge was expected but the magnitude took some by surprise. Despite calls for calm from senior financial figures in the

British colony, the Hang Seng index dropped 100 points a minute at the opening of trade pefore steadying.

"It's moving on sentiment, not undamentals." said Phillip Chan, manager, equities research at Mansion House Securities.

"It's all become Mickey Mouse numbers now," a broker from a local securities house said, "I don't expect any significant re-bound until we find out who's in charge in Peking."

Few were surprised at investors' jitters in the British colony, which in 1997 reverts to Chinese sovereignty.

Hong Kong residents spent the weekend watching graphic news reports detailing how the Chinese army slaughtered pro-democracy demonstrators early Sunday.

Shortly before the market opened, stock exchange chief executive Francis Yuen gave a short speech calling for calm.

He followed with a minute of silence on the trading floor to show respect for the hundreds of civilians killed in Peking.

Monday's plunge eclispsed the 10.8 per cent or 339.06 drop seen May 22, the Monday after a weekend declaration of martial law in parts of Peking.

Only concerted intervention, which prokers identified as coming from the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank, Hong Kong's de facto central bank, prevented the market falling further, analysts said.

Since May 18, Hong Kong's stock index has lost 1,192.37 points, a fall of 36.4 per cent. During the October 1987 market crash, the index nosedived 1,120.70 points to 2,241.69, not helped by a controversial decision to close the bourse for four days. A Chintung securities report said there was a chance the mar-

ket would this week test the post-crash low of 1,867.18, set Dec. 12, 1987. Hong Kong's secretary for monetary affairs David Nendick said of individual investors: "They are best staying put. At

### value for your stocks." Taipei

these levels you won't get fair

In Taipei, the key weighted index plunged across the board with a record one-day fall of 455.44 points, or 4.8 per cent, close to the allowable maximum

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2) Yahya Christiane

3) Lilian Snobar

5) SilhanJin

managers.

ling and office leadership.

daily drop of five per cent, to end

at 9,120.54 points. "The bloodshed has a great and direct psychological impact on the local stock market," said Hsu Daw-Yi, assistant vice president of King's Securities Investment Consulting Corporation.

Brokers said they expect the market to sink further in the next few days. On Saturday the Taipei index stood at 9,575.98. The previous record one-day fall, 335,16 points, was last Thursday.

Tokyo investors were also nervous. The key 225-share Nikkei index fell 210.34 points or 0.62 per cent. It had dropped 313.69 points Friday.

Institutional investors are holding to the sidelines until negative factors from abroad, such as the violence in China, are cleared,' said Setsuo Watanuki, trader for Toyo Securities in Tokyo. "Prices move wildly with so little volume.

### Singapore

In Singapore, the killings in China led investors to take a different approach, but with similar results.

Prices fell sharply because unit trust managers sold off their holdings to raise money either to redeem margins on their Hog Kong shares or to buy the suddenly cheaper Hong Kong stocks, analysts said.

"I expect prices will recover because the underlying sentiment of the market is firm," said Yang Sy Jian, economist at Kay Hian

The 30-share Straits Times industrial index fell Monday by 25.71 points, or 1.97 per cent.

### Manila

In Manila, share prices shed 9.11 points to close at 1,031.17 points from 1,040.28 Friday.

The market reflected the psychological impact of what happened in China. It was more a psychological pressure than any fundamental factor," said Harry Liu. executive vice-president of Dao Heng Securities.

"Most of our investors are Chinese and they are more gamblers than investors," he said, explaining why speculative stocks

# Bangkok

In Bangkok, the freefall in Hong Kong stocks hastened an expected correction of the Thai bourse which has advanced 28 per

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cent in the past two months, brokers said.

They said the securities exchange of Thailand index fell about 9.86 points Monday after it gained a combined 39 points in the previous six sessions.

### Kuala Lumpur

Malaysian share prices fell at midday in line with declines in Hong Kong and Singapore. The composite index shed 10.78 points to 447.50 at midday, a 2.35 per cent fall from Friday close.

Seoul Most Seoul share prices lost

ground in the morning, but brokers said the falls were not caused by the bloodshed in Peking but the South Korean government's tight monetary policy.

The composite index lost 17.05 points to close the morning session at 904.13.

### Sydney

Prices on the Sydney stock market barely reacted on the China news. On the other hand. some Australian brokers said the China crisis could indirectly benefit the bourse.

"The chaos in China is likely to result in significant funds leaving the Far East and heading to Australian markets," one market analyst said.

# Flood of withdrawals

In another reaction, many Hong Kong people with Bank of China accounts withdrew their cash Monday in protest at the weekend carnage in Peking.

Customers at the main Hong

Kong branch of the state-run Chinese bank told Reuters they were outraged by the military crackdown against pro-democracy studtents in Peking.

(Before) I felt I could do nothing for the students. Maybe this is something I can do," said a 27-year-old woman customer who said she had emptied her account.

A bank official said it was the largest flood of withdrawals he had seen in his 10 years with the bank. He had no estimate of the amount taken out.

He said account-holders were making similar withdrawals at the bank's 18 other branches in the British colony whose six million people, normally apathetic about politics, have shown strong sup-port for the student-led move-

Officials from the Bank of China and other state-run Chinese banks in Hong Kong held an emergency meeting Monday to withdrawals.

The Bank of China is one of the biggest banking groups in Hong Kong.

Analysts and diplomats said Monday that bloodshed in China is a hammer blow to confidence in Hong Kong's future and will manifest itself in increased de-

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mand for emigration and a dramatic drop in property prices.

As reports came in of People's Liberation Army units firing on demonstrators on the streets of Peking, most of Hog Kong's six million Chinese residents were glued to their radios, with China the only topic of conversation on buses, ferries and trams.

"Now you can see why we don't trust the communists. That's why I came here in 1957 and that's why I'm getting out before 1997. I'm not a businessman, I have family," said taxi driver Wu Fang.
Hong Kong is due to revert to

Chinese sovreignty in 1997 under an agreement between London and Peking, although Hong Kong's predominantly Chinese population was never directly

"My heart is crying for the Chinese people. But what can we do? Hong Kong is being handed back. You think I am happy?" asked a 23-year-old Chinese secretary called Linda as she queued to get off the Macau-Hong Kong jetfoil.

# 'Hong Kong has had it'

"What is happening in Peking has simply crystallised the con-cern already felt that Hong Kong will be in a very vulnerable position. The people I have spoken to are very pessimistic. I have had Hong Kong businessmen say to me quite bluntly in the past 24 hours 'Hong Kong has had it'," said Bob Broadfoot of the Political and Economic Risk Consul-

"There is now no commerce whatsoever into China. Joint ventures, investment, all that has ground to a halt. They've all turned their backs on China. Anger is only part of it - I think there is a deep revulsion at what is going on in China, and they want no part of it," he added.

Last year an estimated 46,000 people, mainly trained professionals and their families, emigrated from Hong Kong. Diplomats said they expected a dramatic increase in the demand for foreign passports.

\*Obviouslsy it won't be reflected in an immediate jump in the figures of people actually emigrating, because of the quota system operated by recipient countries such as Canada, the United States and Australia.'

said a Western diplomat. "But I'd be looking long and hard at the queues for tourist visas," he added.

'I don't think it will be a question of numbers increasing, simply because of the quota system," Broadfoot said.

"It will be more of a qualitative reaction — the well-educated, the professionals, will all be looking for a foreign passport as insur-ance. They'll go, but they'll have no intention of coming back," he noted.

Analysts said the property mar-ket, long regarded as a key baro-meter of Hong Kong's economic health, would be heading for a fall as people looked to liquidate their assets.

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"It's a bit difficult to predict what will happen, but in the commercial sector things had already peaked. I think if there's a slowdown in investment both here and in China the demand for office space is going to slow right down," said one analyst.

Broadfoot commented: "Residential prices are already going down. Who in their right mind is going to buy apartments here

### Japanese express shock

China's violent crackdown has already begun to discourage even nervous Japanese investors from putting their money into the country, businessmen and officials in Tokyo said Monday.

Prices for bonds issued in Japan by China dropped sharply as investors staged a buyers' boycott after weekend news that Chinese troops had killed countless demonstrators in Peking.

"This was a big shock for Japanese firms," said an official with the Japan External Trade Organisation. "There cannot help but be an impact.' Plans for a joint group to en-

courage direct Japanese investment in China were put on hold indefinitely because of the unrest, a Japanese trade official said. Spokesmen for major trading

houses and manufacturers said they had no plans so far to puli out employees from China, but several said they were cancelling planned business trips for the immediate future The Japanese government has

also delayed sending a small technical mission to China this week for aid talks, largely out of safety tears, a toreign ministry official said.

The steep drop in bond prices - as much as 170 points in one case - led securities dealers to warn that a planned 15 billion yen (\$105 million) issue by one Chinese province be postponed.

Even before the weekend crackdown on students, China's political chaos was having an impact on plans for new investment or business.

A spokesman for the Export-Import Bank of Japan said talks with China on energy loans had come to a standstill.

### sumer products company, and Chinese authorities abouts possible productin of video tape recordrs in China have also been stalled by the unrest, a Matsushita spokesman said.

now, so we can't say whether the project will go ahead," he said. Watari Sugiichiro, an adivser to Toshiba Corporation's board, has cancelled a trip to Peking at the request of the Chinese and Toshiba has put off sending more engineers to help build a joint venture colour teleision picture tube plant in Shanghai, a spokes-

"China is one of our most

important clients, with many pro-

jects in the pipeline and under

discussion," said the spokesman

for the government-owned bank.

"For the time being, we are

obliged to stop negotiations," he

said, adding that there was no-

An Omron Tateisi electronics

company spokesman said a plan

to open a consulting office in

Peking had been delayed repe-

atedly by government and build-

ing authorities, and the company

had no idea when it would go

Talks between Matsushita

"Of course we can't negotiate

Electric, the world's biggest con-

one to negotiate with.

A Bank of Tokyo spokesman said the bank was still waiting for Chinese approval of a plan to set up a finance company in Shanghai jointly with the China International Trust and Investment Corporation (Holdings), the China Construction Bank and several other foreign banks.

man said.

"If government functions are paralysed, approval could be delayed," the spokesman said.

Spokesman for major companies said they had no plans to pull out of projects already under

A Ministry of International Trade and Industry (MITI) official said chaos and uncertainty would force companies to reevaluate plans. "This is going to have a major psychological impact and those who were thinking of investing will hestiate," the MITI official said.

"No one will pull out im-miedately, but they will have to think about it," the Japan External Trade Organisation official

Japanese companies are wor-ried that widespread popular sup-port enjoyed by the student protesters makes it probable violence will erupt again, the MITI official said.
"Even if they suppress it this

time, there will be an explosion later," he said. "It's a bag minus for economic activity and we're very worried."

# Morning meeting

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Final price JD 6,500.

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# **FOR RENT**

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# **FOR SALE**

# **ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS**

# Arab ministers to meet in Amman.

AMMAN (J.T.) - Ministers of trade, finance and economy in the Arab World will converge on Amman on Wednesday to take part in the 51st meeting of the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) which has its headquarters in Amman. CAEU Secretary General Hassan Ibrahim said that the meeting coincides with the council's 25th anniversary, and will be devoted to topics and issues included in the process of implementing the council's objectives and promoting inter-Arab trade and economic cooperation. Before the plenary meeting, a four member committee set up at the 50th meeting, will hold a session to finalise a report to the ministers Ibrahim noted. Apart from Ibrahim's general report on the council's activities, the coming meeting will discuss practical steps for the Arab countries to take in economic fields following the formation of the Arab Cooperation Council and the Maghreb

### ACC to set up joint council in August

CAIRO (Petra) - Representatives of industrial and trade unions and chambers of commerce and industry in the four founding states of the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) will hold a meeting an Alexandria in August to draw up the statute of the Council of the Federation of Chambers of Industry in the four ACC states -Jordan, Iraq, Egypt and Yemen Arab Republic, and to select a permanent headquarter for the council. The decision to form a higher council for these chambers was taken in Amman last month during the meeting of representatives of ACC chambers of commerce and industries. The council groups representatives for each union and will meet every six months in the respective capitals of the four countries by rotation.

## France bans imports of ivory

PARIS (R) - France has banned imports of every as part of a world campaign to save the world's dwindling herds of elephants the environment ministry announced Monday. The ban goes into effect immediately and affects imports both of raw and carved ivery, the ministry said in a statement marking World Environment Day. France imported carved ivory worth 21 million francs (\$3.2 million) in 1988, mostly from Hong Kong, and experts say as much as four tonnes of raw ivory enters the country each year from Africa. Poachers armed with automatic weapons and chain saws are decimating elephant herds in Africa and there are now only about 500,000 elephants left on the continent.

# Hughes to lay off 6,000 workers

LOS ANGELES, California (AP) — In the latest shock wave to hit the aerospace industry from Defence Department budget-cutting, Hughes Aircraft Co. announced it would lay off 6,000 workers over the next six months. The layoffs which amount to eight per cent of Hughes' workforce, follow smaller reductions at Northrop Corp. and Grumman Corp. Analysts predict U.S. President George Bush's tight-fisted approach to defence spending will bring further layoffs and cut into profits in the aerospace industry. Hughes will lay off workers in all areas of management, engineering and manufacturing, the company said. Hughes, a General Motors Corp. subsidiary, has 75,000 employees in 12 states, with the bulk of its work force in southern California and around Tuscon, Arizona. The company's defence department work includes manufacturing air-to-air and air-to-ground missiles, satellites, radar for fighter jets and other military gear.

# AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Monday, June 5, 1989 Central Bank official rates

French frant 85.0 Japanese yen (for 100) 399.4 
 Swedish crown
 85.4
 86.3

 Italian lira (for 100)
 39.8
 40.2

 Belgian franc (for 10)
 137.7
 139.1
 288.6 291.5

# **LONDON EXCHANGE RATES**

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

1.5895/905 One Sterling One U.S. dollar 1.2025/35 1.9535/42 2.2020/30 1.6935/45 40.91/96 6.6300/50 1416/1417 141.40/50 6.6070/120 7.0910/60

One ounce of gold 367.00/367.50

Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

U.S. dollars

Canadian dollar

**Deutschemarks** 

# **WORLD STOCK MARKETS**

7.5910/60

SYDNEY — Prices drifted down from early highs on lack of foreign buying interest, particularly from Hong Kong. The All Ordinaries index was up 3.3 at 1,534.8.

TOKYO — Prices fell sharply and brokers said there was no energy in the market, partly due to the situation in China. The Nikkei Index fell 210.34 to 33,457.08.

HONG KONG — The Hang Seng index plummetted 581.77 points, or 21.74 per cent, to 2,093.71 in reaction to the weekend carnage in Peking. Stocks have now lost more than a third of their value since martial law was declared in Peking on May 18. SINGAPORE - Stocks were sharply lower across the board in line with the plunge on the Hong Kong market. The Straits Times Industrial Index fell 33.84 to 1,271.37

BOMBAY — Shares rose as the onset in southern India monsoon rains pointed to a good year for India's agricultural economy and healthy demand for industrial goods. Tata Steel and Nocil shot up 50 rupees each to 1,300 and 875 respectively. Shares in cement, fertiliser and textile companies also climbed.

FRANKFURT - The DAX Index hit a 1989 high of 1,425.91, then fell on profit-taking to close at 1,419.13 a net loss of 0.58. ZURICH — Shares closed slightly firmer but below the day's highs after losing steam on the firmer dollar. The All-Share Index

gained 5.9 point to 1.042.4. PARIS — French shares closed slightly higher in moderate trade. LONDON — Shares were depressed by Hong Kong's plunge and interest rate worries. The FISE Index was 14.9 points down to

NEW YORK — Blue chips fell on the military suppression of protests in China and resulting fall in Hong Kong shares buy recovered some of the early losses. In late morning the Dow Jones index was 8.09 lower at 2,509.74

and the second s

applications in English with salary history from qualified candi-2087.7 at 1455 GMT. Luxury furnished apt. Area 350 m² consisting of three dates will be received no later than June 15. bedrooms, two salons, 3 balconies, separate tel. and Ex-stock in Amman. Submersible pumps for deep wells. Made in Germany. Documents may be delivered to MBS Porject, 14th Seamless steel API casing and column pipes 6 and 8 floor, Jordan Tower or may be mailed to: MBS Project Location: in front of the American School gate. Between inches short length 3 metres threaded and coupled. Seventh and Eighth Circles. P.O. Box 2847 Amman, Jordan Contact tel. 842428, 813249 - Amman. For inquiry call no. 644006

# **Maktoums of Dubai** sweep the sweepstakes

PARIS (R) - Old Vic made Cauthen quickly opened up a horse racing history at Chantilly Sunday when he became the first English-trained colt to win the Prix Du Jockey Club (French

He did it in the most convincing style possible, beating Dancehall, ridden by Cash Asmussen, by seven lengths. The favourite Galetto, the mount of Eric Legrix, was another eight lenghts

away in third place.
Old Vic's victory was the first success in the 12 furlongs (2.4km) race for jockey Steve Cauthen and for owner Sheikh Mohammed of Dubai, who with his brothers, is enjoying a superb season on the European Classic scene, having won all four classics run so far in England and Ireland.

Trained at Newmarket by Hen-ry Cecil. Old Vic stole a 10 lengths lead soon after turning into the straight and none of his rivals could get near him.

Unbeaten in three races previously this year, Old Vic opened at a generous looking 14-1 in the betting but the substantial continget of British horse racing fans at the track forced him swiftly into fourth favourite at odds of around 9-2. Their judgment proved accurate, as Old Vic, who took up the running after the first 200 metres, turned out to be one of the easiest winners in the 147 years of the French derby.

Outsiders Atakad and Elmayer kept Cauthen and Old Vic company for the first half of the race with Miserden, the mount of English champion Pat Eddery, tracking them in fourth place just ahead of Galetto.

BY CHARLES GOREN

© 1969 Tribuno Media Services, Inc.

North-South vulnerable. West

NORTH

₹ Ø 1

SOUTH

∇ A Q ◊ Q 9 4 • K 3

Opening lead: King of O

🛨 J 9 8 6 5 3

Pass

Pass Pass

We wrote a book some years ago

The auction was quite simple:

West led the king of diamonds, and East signalled with the jack.

THE BETTER HALF

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

**APITO** 

FARIE

DIOING

TRAFOC

C 963

The bidding:

19

Pass

**4**⋅A Q 7 ⋅

♥ K J 10 8 2

EAST

**★** % ♥ 754

♦ J 10 8 7

**10** 9 6 5 2

1 4

But turning into the straight,

ent budgerer 6.000 works io eight pass at Northwell President (c. s will brown Justr. Hugh engineen General k

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RATE s, deilas

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ne Koes de Historia

Pass Pass entitled "Go With the Odds." But to do so when that course is an exercise in futility is sheer stubbornness on your part. With the equivalent of an opening bid facing an opener, South bounced right into game as soon as

gran naic act franc

5. doliars RKETS

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active the h

them lader united cost ee. and sou t. Share E

E Kong i

# Jumbles: RANCH FAULT HEARSE LIMPID

What that precoclously bright baby was— A FLASH IN THE "PRAM"

'Our guppy is expecting. Stanley's

trying to teach her Lamaze.

decisive gap.

Asmussen moved Galetto into top gear but it was clear from at least two furlongs (400 metres) out that Old Vic would not be

Cecil said the winner would now be aimed at the Irish Derby and then at the King George and Queen Elizabeth Diamond

Stakes at Ascot in July.

The Maktoum family of Dubai can underline their near monopoly of top European horse racing Wednesday by capturing the one English classic to have eluded them - the. English Derby.

On Wednesday the sheikh relies on 3.7 million dollar purchase Warrshan (6-1 third favourite) while his brother has the 6-4 favourite Nashwan, winner of the English 2,000 guineas.

Increased entry fees and the formidable reputations of Nashwan and second favourite Cacoethes could mean as few as 12 runnes in the famous 12-furlong (2.4-km) test, the smallest field since 1970.

Cacoethes, backed recently from 4-1 to 2-1, looked every bit an Epsom prospect when lifting the Lingfield Derby trial last

Greek for "an itch to do something inadvisable," Cacoethes has enjoyed a trouble-free preparatin, but Nashwan was the subject of a minor scare when he missed training Saturday after losing a

shoe. Connections insist all is well but sbookmakers eased the Colt in the betting from 11-10.

There followed in quick order the

ace of diamonds and ace of clubs to

complete the defensive book, then a

low diamond. Declarer ruffed in

dummy with the seven, came to

hand with the ace of hearts and then

had to decide how to play the trump

knowledge of the probabilities should be aware that the percentage

play with 10 cards missing the king

is to take the finesse. So declarer led

the jack of spades and, when West

produced the two, flew up with the

ace to drop the king! Making four-

probabilities? Had he seen the kir

of spades in the East hand?

What made South abandon the

To all intents and purposes, yes!

West, who was a passed hand, had already shown up with 11 points in

the minors. Had he held the king of

spades as well, he would certainly

have opened the bidding. There-fore, East was marked with the

Incidentally, if West doesn't eash

the ace of clubs, declarer should play on clubs before he touches

spades. When he discovers West has

the ace of clubs, he can't go wrong

By Harris

HARRIS 12-1

Ċ

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

WHAT THE FISHING

ENTHUSIAST WAS.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-

(Answers tomorrow)

gested by the above cartoon.

Anyone with only a rudimentary

suit for no loser.

**GOREN BRIDGE** 

A MATTER OF COUNTING

# SPORTS IN BRIEF

### FIFA postpones Iran's world cup ties

ZURICH (R) - The International Football Federation (FIFA) agreed Monday to a request from Iran for the postponement of their two World Cup soccer qualifying ties against China scheduled for this month. A FIFA spokesman said the request had been executed because of the state of national mourning after the death Saturday of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini. Iran were due to play China away on June 11 and at home on June 21 in the first round of East Asia's qualifying group five. No new dates have been set. Iran head the group with eight points. China are two adrift with a game in hand.

# Dutch rider wins a Spanish race

OVIEDO, Spain (AP) - Dutch rider Gert Jan Theunisse won the 33rd tour of Asturias cycling race which ended here Sunday. Theunisse won the first part of the two-part sixth and last leg. He was clocked in a time of 3:14:37 for the 120 kilometres (74.4 miles) between Pola De Sieto and Alto Naranco, the first part of the leg. Janusz Kuum of Norway was second and Alvaro Pino of Spain was third, both 1:29 minutes behind Theunisse. The second part of 60 kilometres (37.2 miles) around an urban circuit at Oviedo was won by another Dutch rider. John Vos, in 1:25:10, followed by Manuel Jorge Dominguez of Spain and Tomas Kirsipuu of the Soviet Union, both also in the same time as the winner. Theunisse topped the overall standings in the 1,026kilometre (636 mile) race with 26:24:56. Kuum finished second and Pino finished third, both 1:30 minutes behind the Dutchman.

# U.S. team shocked by win

EAST RUTHERFORD, New Jersey (AP) - For the U.S. soccer team, a 3-0 victory over any one in a surprise. Sunday's 3-0 victory over Peru for the Marlboro Cup was an absolute shock. "They're a great team and they've prove it," midfielder Tab Ramos said after the United States beat the Peruvians in the final of the Marlboro Cup of New York. Brian Bliss, Ramos and Bruce Murray scored in the first half, the first time the United States scored three goals in a match against a South American opponent in 59 years. It also was the first victory over a South American opponent in 11 games, since the U.S. team beat Colombia 1-0 in 1984. The United States is 1-1-1 in World Cup qualifying and plays Guatemala on June 17 at New Britain, Connecticut,

# Olympians win at New York meet

NEW YORK (AP) — Olympians Diane Dixon and Connie Price were double winners Sunday at the Metro athletics congress track and field championships. Dixon, a silver medalist in the 1984 Olympics, won the 100 metres in 11.31 seconds and the 200 in 23.46. Price, who competed in Seoul last year, won the discus with a toss of 191 feet, 3 inches (58.29 metres) and took the shotput at 57-10 (17.63 metres). Olympians from Jamaica captured the 400-metre runs. Clive Wright won the men's race in 46.55 and Andrea Thomas the women's in 52.34. Willie McNeill, another 1988 Olympian, was the gold medalist in the men's 100 metres in 10.20. Teammate Terry Warren took the 200 in 20.87. Butch Brown of the Sallie Mae track club won the men's 800 in 1:49.53, while the 1,500 went to Mike Stahr of the New York Pioneers in

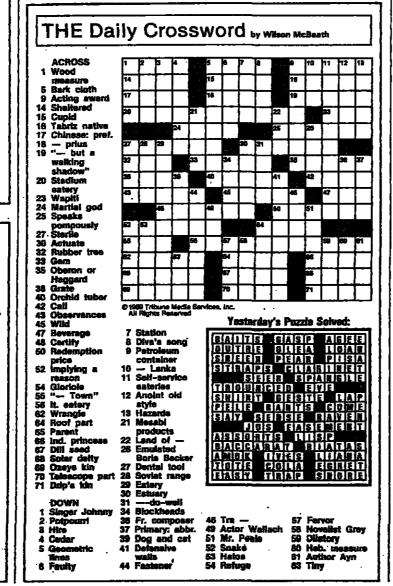
# Peugeot wins team time trial in Milk Race

BLACKPOOL, England (AP) - The French Z-Peugeot squad won a team time trial Sunday at the midway point of the Milk Race cycling event, allowing team leader Olaf Lurvik of Norway to take the overall leadership. Z-Peugeot riders completed the 34.5-mile (55.4-kilometre) seventh stage from Southport to Blackpool in 1 hour, 13 minutes, 12 seconds, an average of 29 MPH (46 kph), to edge Britain's amateur team by five seconds. The victory allowed Lurvik, who had started the day in second place overall, to leapfrog Briton amateur Nigel Bishop, leading with a time of 24 hours, 38 minutes, 43 seconds. Bishop is in second place, 14 seconds behind the Norwegian. The American leven team finished sixth in the time trial suffering two flats along the route. Their top racer, New Zealand's Nathan Dahlberg, dropped from fourth to 10th in the overall standings because of the team's poor performance.

# Prost revives reputation, title hopes

PHOENIX, Arizona (R) - Alain Prost revived his reputation and chances of regaining the world driving championship with a United States Grand Prix win on the sun-baked streets of Phoenix Sunday. The Frenchman won a war of attrition in the scorching 100-degree (38 C) heat that saw just nine drivers finish as he claimed his first victory of the season and the championship lead from McLaren teammate and rival Ayrton Senna of Brazil.

# **HOROSCOPE NOT** RECEIVED



# French Open giant killing session

# Agassi and Sabatini are out

PARIS (R) — At the tender age of 19, Andre Agassi and Gabriela Sabatini, both semifinalists last year, found themselves swept aside by younger players at the French Open tennis championships Sunday.

began came within minutes of each other as Agassi was beaten by friend and fellow-American Jim Courier on court one and Sabatini lost to Mary-Joe Fernan-

dez on the centre court. Courier, 18, who used to share a room with Agassi at the Nick Bollettieri Tennis Academy in Florida and had lost both their previous meetings, won 7-6, 4-6, 6-3. 6-2 when the third round match, interrupted by bad light Saturday, resumed.

Sabatini, the second seed, looked nervous against 17-yearold American schoolgirl Mary-Joe Fernandez, who had beaten her four times before, and played an error-ridden fourth round

match to lose 6-4, 6-4. Former Wimbledon champion Boris Becker narrowly avoided joining the list of seeded casualties when he came back from match point against him to beat Argentine clay court specialist Guillermo Perez-Roldan in a hard-fourth five sets and reach the quarter-finals.

While Argentine Sabatini stayed in Paris to play doubles with Steffi Graf, the defending

**Reds beat** 

San Diego,

**Jackson** 

triumphs

CINCINNATI (AP) - Danny

Jackson took a pain killer for a

sore big toe on his left foot.

allowing him to push off the

rubber with his foot and allow

just eight hits and two earned

runs to spur the Reds over San

Deigo 5-3.

"It was a good pick-me-up game for me," said Jackson, 4-8.

First baseman Jack Clark's wild

throw home with the bases

loaded let Cincinnati score two

the Reds won their fourth straight.

in the sixth against Bruce Hurst.

aided by Clark's two-run throw-

three-game sweep of the padres

3; Hoston 7, Los Angeles 6.

The two biggest upsets since singles champion. Agassi could the \$4.5-million championships not wait to get away. "I am going to take the first plane I can get to go back home and relax a little while," said Agassi, who won six Grand Prix titles last year but is empty-handed so far this year and has said he

> done Courier, who broke Agassi to 15 in the final game, hitting a cross-court forehand on the line on match point, admitted that the match with his old friend and rival held a special significance for him.

will probably not play Wimble-

"This was the match I wanted," he said. "I kind of went out there with the eye of the

Fifteenth-seeded Fernandez. who sat her final school examinations before setting out on the tennis tour in May and will graduate next week, said her previous victories over Sabatini had helped

"It works to my advantage," she said. "I just try to be aggressive when I'm out there and attack her. If you let her dictate the points then she keep you running from side to side and you get really tired."

Fernandez, who faces 10th seed Helen Kelesi of Canada in the quarter-finals, missed the last French Open because of a torn ligament in her foot but reached the quarter-finals in 1986, when

she was only 14. Sabatini, who won the Italian Open last month, said she had felt under pressure against Fer-

"I wasn't feeling comfortable. I didn't feel I was playing well the whole match," she said. "I wasn't thinking. Second-seeded Becker, en-

joying his best season on clay with only two losses in 15 matches, was just happy to have survived after four hours and 22 minutes of tough and rain-interrupted play in the fourth round.

Perez-Roldan, beaten by the West German in the final of the world team cup in Duesseldorf a week ago, held match point on Becker's serve at 5-4 in the fifth set after winning the opening game when Becker was penalised a point for swearing aloud.

But Becker, whose serve had been letting him down throughout the match, found his touch again, saved the game and broke the Argentine before winning 3-6, 6-4, 6-2, 4-6, 7-5.

"Things can only get better now," said Becker, who next faces unseeded American Jay Berger, a 3-6, 6-2, 6-0, 6-3 winner over the last French hope, Thierry Tulasne, on Sunday and the

man who knocked out ninth seed Jimmy Connors in the second

round. Yugoslav teenager Goran Ivanisevic, a surprise quarter-finalist at the Australian Open in January, started well against third seed Stefan Edberg but lost heart after dropping the long first

set 7-5. Ivanisevic, further upset by a number of disputed calls early in the second set, began hitting error after error as the Swede, who begins the defence of his Wimbledon title later this month. finished off the match 6-3, 6-3.

In the quater-finals. Edberg will meet 11th seed Alberto Mancini, the Monte Carlo and Italian Open champion, who beat Switzerland's Jakob Hlasek, the number six. Mancini, a first-round loser in

his first French Open appearance last year, won 6-4, 6-4, 4-6, 2-6. 6-4 in an exciting and sporting centre court match between the two gentlemen of tennis. With Hlasek serving to stay in the fifth set at 5-3 down, a line

iudge called an ace by the Swiss man out. Mancini, judging the ball in, simply walked to the other side of the court and conceded the point.

"It was the first time I'd played on centre court and I won - I'll remember it," Mancini said. 'Until the last point I never thought I was going to win because he broke me a lot of times.

Real floundered Saturday when

was less than impressed with his

looked rather relaxed, and that's

against relegation-troubled Espa-

nol at home next weekend should

going to try and win against Espa-

nol next week, but to beat them

we'll have to play better than we

Sanchez was already champing

at the bit." I scored twice because

we are in a hurry to win the

with a 5-0 rout of Bayer Uerd-

draw one of their last two games to

hold off second-placed Cologne.

Despite Saturday's five-goal rout.

coach Jupp Heynckes is eager to

The Bavarians need only to

something I like," he said.

Real coach Leo Beenhakker

"I have to recognise my team

Beenhakker said their match

"We need two points. We are

they drew 1-1 at Seville.

side's commitment.

clinch the title.

# Fan death wrecks Milan's title THE death of a fan in an attack scribed de Falchi's killers as season spurt to put pressure on

outside Milan soccer stadium Sunday overshadowed the Italian League and forced off celebrations to mark AC Milan's European Cup victory. Antonio de Falchi, 18, was one

of four Roma fans set upon by a group of about 30 youths at the gates of San Siro more than four hours before the start of the AC Milan-Roma game. De Falchi, who was kicked and

years. At least three youths were detained for questioning but police said no one had yet been charged. Soccer hooliganism is rare in Italy and the dath sparked a wave of revulsion in the country, which

runs to break a sixth-inning tie as will host the World Cup finals in one year's time. The Reds rallied for four runs AC Milan's match, which they won 4-1, was their first at home since their May 24 European Cup ing error, to complete their first

"When he heard what hap-

La Gazzetta Dello Sport, Ita-

WELL, I APMIT I'D

ly's top sports newspaper, de-

turned to mourning. at Riverfront stadium since April A lap of honour was cancelled, fans watched the game without In other action Sunday: New waving banners and flags and the York 4, Pittsburgh 3, Atlanta 6, match was preceded by one mi-San Francisco 3; Montreal 7, Phinute's silence. ladelphia 4; Chicago 11, St. Louis

pened we considered not playing," AC Milan defender Mauro Mets 4. Pirates 3 Tassotti said. "But because we Pinch-hitter Mark Carreon led were certain true fans had nooff the seventh inning with a thing to do with this and because tie-breaking home run and New York beat Pittsburgh for its fourth straight victory. Don decided to play." Aase, 1-1, pitched two scoreless

we feared suspending the match could cause more problems we assassins.

"Only the mobilisation of ordinary people, of the many who still love soccer and don't want it to become a refuge for the scum of the earth, can save what was a joyous way of being together." it

Internazionale of Milan. already league champions, iced the cake with a 3-1 victory against Rome's other club, Lazio, and punched, was the sixth Italian with places in Europe next season soccer fan killed in violence in 10 virtually decided attention

> relegation. Three teams go down when the season ends on June 25 and they could include Torino, third from bottom just in front of Como and

switched to the battle against

isa. championship. I want the title
Torino, once the greatest side
f Italian soccer, struggled to

Results in the title settled now," he said.

Bayern Munich are already of Italian soccer, struggled to hold Ascoli 1-1 at home and are making plans for next season's away to Como next week. If league and European campaigns Torino go down, it will be their after moving within one point of first season in the second division securing the West German title

since 1959. Real Madrid, the Spanish League title virtually in their grasp for the fourth season running, were saved from an embarrassing end-of-season upset against Lowly Malaga Sunday by two goals from Mexican star

domestic and European campaign, Real drew 2-2 thanks to a pile-driving Sanchez free kick in the 69th minute. The away draw left them four

points clear of arch-rivals Barce-

lona, whose hopes of an end-of-

striker Hugo Sanchez.

BUT YOU CAN BET

Match-weary after a long

6-10

sign a new striker. Top of his shopping list is Scottish striker Alan McInally of English first division side Aston Villa. "I want him. He is a dynamic player," he said.

Bayern manager Uli Hoenes

said he would be contacting the

Birmingham club Monday to talk

about a transfer fee.

# **Peanuts**

innings for the victory.

YES MAAM I'M FART

28-30, 1981.



# **Andy Capp**



# Turmoil hits Uzbekistan

MOSCOW (R) — Uzbeks and members of a small Turkic minority clashed for the third consecutive day in the Soviet Central Asian Republic of Uzbekistan and there was shooting in the streets, officials said Monday.

A sketch of the suspect after the Palme slaying and a file photo of Christer Petterson who is charged with killing the Swedish prime

pleads innocent

described by police as an inveter- and most, like the defendant.

ate, violent criminal, and a drugs wore moustaches.

Palme suspect

STOCKHOLM (R) — Christer bet Palme," Helin said.

Pettersson, the man accused of

murdering Swedish Prime Minis-

ter Olof Palme in 1986, pleaded

innocence as his trial opened

ter Olof Palme. I did not try to

murder Mrs. Lisbet Palme," Pet-

Pettersson, a Swede, had been

Dressed in a black and white

jacket, he was pale and shifted

constantly in his seat, but he

spoke in a firm, confident voice.

vile deed which I could never

have brought myself to do," he

Pettersson, arrested last De-

cember, is accused of killing

Palme with a single shot in the

back on the night of Feb. 28,

1986, as the prime minister

walked home from the cinema

He is also charged with the

attempted murder of Palme's

wife Lisbet, who was grazed by a

go into the cinema. He waited

until the film was over and fol-

lowed them down the street,"

prosecutor Anders Helin told the

"He then drew ahead of them,

waited at a corner for the Palmes

to pass him and fired two shots --

the shot which killed Olof Palme

and the shot which wounded Lis-

BANGKOK (Agencies) — Pol

government was accused of slaughtering up to a million peo-

ple, has promised to quit politics

if Vietnamese troops leave Cam-

bodia, Khmer Rouge Radio said

It said Pol Pot, 64, has resigned

as head of the Khmer Rouge High Institute of National De-

fence, the last official post he

The broadcast, monitored in

Bangkok, said he would remain

in the institute as a "researcher"

until Vietnamese toops left Cam-

"From then on, I will cease all

my activities in the organs of the

future state of Cambodia," it

quoted him as saying in a letter to

the Khmer Rouge leadership. Vietnam, which invaded its In-

Monday.

held.

bodia.

"He probably saw the Palmes

with his wife.

second shot.

said in reply to the charge.

"The murder of Palme was a

tersson, 42, told the court.

"I did not murder Prime Minis-

Monday.

The clashes between the Uzbeks and the minority Meskhetians in the city of Fergana. which began Saturday, continued despite the imposition of a curfew and the dispatch of special troops, officials said.
"What kind of information do

you want? They are shooting in the streets." an official at the local Communist Party youth organisation Komsomol told Reuters by telephone.

The night was a turbulent one," an official at the party regional headquarters in Fergana, southeast of Tashkent, said. Both men refused to give any details.
The official TASS news agency

said Sunday that a number of people had died in two days of disturbances between Uzbeks and minority Meskhetians.

The agency blamed the clashes on "extremists" and said residents were beaten, public buildings attacked and homes and cars set on fire. But it did not say how many people died or what had

caused the unrest.

The Fergana Party official said the outbreak of unrest was probably unconnected with the opening May 25 of the new parliament, the Congress of People's Deputies, which has discussed relations between the Soviet Union's different ethnic groups.

### Congress appeal

The Congress Monday appealed for an end to the bloodshed in Uzbekistan.

'We, people's deputies of the USSR, call upon those involved in ethnic clashes to turn to the voice of reason and stop the bloodshed," said the appeal read to the Congress of People's Deputies by President Mikhail S. Gorbachev.

Think about all the innocents who are threatened - women, children and old people. And stop, prevent injustice from being committed," it said.

Th appeal was broadcast live to

But the evidence against Pet-

tersson is mainly circumstantial

and will rest to a large degree on

the testimony of Lisbet Palme, who identified the defendant

Helin screened the video in

court. It showed 12 men from the

back, front and sides. All were

about the same size and weight

Pettersson who was number eight

in the lineup, although she recal-

led him being clean shaven at the

According to Helin, other wit-

nesses also recalled the man seen

following the Palmes as being

Pettersson had told police he

had worn a moustache for the

past 10 years but the prosector

said he would show the court a

picture of him from April 1986 in

Pettersson looked up at the

ceiling and scratched his neck

nervously while the video was

Defence lawyer Arne Liljeros

began the trial by seeking to call

two secret service men as witnes-

ses whom he said had new in-

formation about an altrnative

murder theory. The prosecution objected, and the court said it

would rule on the request later.

cided by a panel of two judges

and six lay assessors nominated

by political parties.

Pol Pot quits last post

Pettersson's fate will be de-

which he was clean shaven.

from a video line-up.

time of the murder.

clean shaven.

being shown.

proceedings of the new congress.

Rakhmatullah Akhmetov, Fergana's representative at the Congress, blamed the outbreak on extremist forces.'

"The young people for no reason made a scandal," the deputy said, explaining that the violence was touched off by a dispute in a marketplace.

Akhmetov said he telephoned home Monday morning bfore the congress session resumed and was told, "everything's in smoke;

everything's burning."

Akhmetov, himself an Uzbek, said the trouble began when a Turk complained to a woman selling strawberries at the market that her berries were bad. When she told him he could buy elsewhere, he threw the berries in her

Some Uzbeks who saw the incident came to the woman's defence, "and there was a brawl, and after the brawl, an Uzbek died," the deputy recounted. 'They should have clamped down on it then, but they didn't, and it grew and grew.

Journalists in Tashkent suggested the trouble might have been linked to Meskhetian complaints that they were unrepre-

arms control experts are hailing

an American proposal to cut con-

ventional forces in Europe, but

acknowledge that it would be

difficult to forge the ideas into a

verifiable accord within a year's

"It's been a very momentous

week... with the realisation that

goal for reaching a pact, a timetable many experts deem more than a bit optimistic.

The president's plan would set

an equal number of U.S. and Soviet troops - 275,000 each -

in the area reaching from the

on limiting aircraft and that ceil-

He also suggested negotiations

way reached back to its glo-

compilation of hit musicals and

a jazz-age revue swept

theatre's Tony awards in what

many called the leanest season

"Jerome Robbins' Broad-

way," a collection of the

choreographer's work featur-

ing numbers from Broadway

hits including "Fiddler on the

Roof," "Gypsy," "West Side Story" and "The King and I"

danced away with six of the

Robbins, adding to a collec-

tion of movie and theatre's

highest awards, was named

prestigious awards.

in years.

Atlantic to the Soviet border.

**Experts hail Bush** 

arms cuts proposal

WASHINGTON (AP) — U.S. ings be set on the overall number

NEW YORK (R) - Broad- best musical director while

the nation as part of the inaugural sented in the 2,250-member Con-

Josef Stalin forcibly deported large numbers of Meskhetians from the Transcaucasian Republic of Georgia to Central Asia during World War II.

They appealed to Soviet authorities during the 1950s to be allowed to emigrate to Turkey. The 1979 Soviet census lists more than 92,000 "Turks" - a probable reference to Meskhetians.

TASS reported Sunday that tension remained high in Nagorno-Karabakh and that street protests were taking place despite official regulations. A strike since early May has

halted most business activity in the territory, which is populated mainly by Armenians but was assigned to neighbouring Azerbaijan in 1923.

Nagorno-Karabakh's leaders have repeatedly demanded since last year to be joined with Soviet

An official in the regional capital of Stepanakert said authorities were trying to convince people not to hold protests Monday because it was a national day of mourning, but he said he did not know whether they would

of tanks, artillery and armoured

"It is overly optimistic," John

Steinbruner, a specialist on arms

control and the North Atlantic

Treaty Organisation (NATO)

with the Brookings Institution,

said of Bush's timeframe. "But it



Sousuke Uno (front) with his predecessor Noburu Takeshita at Friday's parliament session during which Uno formally assumed

# Uno pledges to clean up politics

TOKYO (R) — Japan's new Prime Minister Sosuke Uno Monday promised drastic measures to clean up Japanese money politics but pledged to continue his predecessor's foreign and economic policies.

Uno last Friday became Japan's 18th post-war prime minister, succeeding his old ally Noboru Takeshita who resigned over links to the Recruit shares-

for-favours scandal. Uno sprang no surprises in his first policy speech before both houses of parliament, following the basic policies of Takeshita as analysts had expected.

He called for a thoroughgoing reform of Japanese money politics, which led to the Recruit scandal.

amounts of money and unlisted shares to top politicians, officials and businessmen.

"I believe it is imperative not only that political and moral justice be done in the Recruit problem that has sparked a distrust of politics unprecedented in our pariamentary history," Uno said.

He called for reforms aimed at preventing such a scandal, saying proposed measures included stricter laws dealing with political said.

"I didn't prepare a speech

because my self-esteem is so

to climb these eight steps."

In another harkening back to the past, perennial Tony

Award show hostess Angela

Lansbury opened the 43rd

awards ceremony with a rendi-

tion of "Everything's Coming

Up Roses" — the Song from

"Gypsy" that Ethel Merman

"I don't miss the old days

because they're here now,

Broadway veteran Frankie

Manning, part of a four-man

team awarded best choreogra-

phy for "Black and Blue" told

made popular

funds and a radical reform of Japan's electoral system.

Japan should play a leading international role as a member both of the Western industrialised democracies and the Asia-Pacific region, Uno said.

"We believe that it is wrong to simply advocate self-centred positions and that it is in Japan's best interest to act from a global point of view.

Uno said his government will continue economic policies to narrow Japan's huge trade surplus, seek consistent and inflation-free economic growth, and increase access to Japan's domestic market by easing restrictions and reforming the structure of the

"The various trade and economic issues facing Japan, including those with the United States, are becoming more serious every

Overall foreign policy tenets he retained included increases in foreign aid and support for multinational peacekeeping forces and cultural exchanges — all major policies adopted by Takeshita.

Japan must take the initiative in solving global ecological problems and mounting foreign debt among developing countries, he

# Sri Lanka storm toll hits 200

COLOMBO (AP) — Air force helicopters dropped food parcels to thousands of villagers stranded by mudslides and floods that killed at least 200 people during the weekend, officials said Monday.

More than 100,000 people left homeless by the monsoon-triggered devastation sought shelter in schools, churches and Buddhist temples, police and relief workers reported.

At least 20 centimetres of rain fell Saturday, triggering deluges of earth and water in valleys that wind through the southwest cor-ner of the island — from Kegalle in the central hills, south of Ratnapura and down to Galle on the Indian Ocean coast. Air Force Commander Walter

Perera said helicopters dropped 35,000 food parcels in the Kegaile and Ratnapura districts and pilots were directing navy and fishing boats to pick up marooned people.

In the coconut and rubber plantation districts around Kegalle 70 kilometres northeast of Colombo, 165 bodies were recovered from the mud Sunday and Monday, according to Katna Jayasinghe, assistant director of social services. Searchers continued to dig through the mud, looking for more bodies, she

Ratnasinghe said her office was looking after 52,000 refugees. Police headquarters in Col-

ombo, the capital, said at least 200 people died in the Kegalle, Ratnapura and Galle districts, but they did not provide a break-

Piyatissa Ranasinghe, a local government administrator, said 54,000 people were being housed in schools, temples and churches in the gem-mining centre of Ratnapura 70 kilometres southeast of Colombo, and more were

"We expect to have 60,000 refugees by late Monday," he added.

In the old Portuguese and Dutch colonial fort town of Galle, 110 kilometres south of Colombo, police headquarters said at least 5,000 people were living in Buddhist temples after being driven out of their homes by flood waters.

### Italian film awards announced

ROME (AP) — Ermanno Olasi has been named best director and his film, "La Leggenda del Santo Bevitore" ("The Legend of the Holy Drinker") has won the David of Donatello Award for best film in Italy's version of the Accademy Awards. The film, based on the story by Joseph Roth, also won for best photography in the awards given Saturday night. Dustin Hoffman was named best actor in a foreign film for his role in "Rain Man," the film by Berry Levinson that also won best foreign film. Jodie Foster was named best actress in a foreign film for her role in "Accused." Roberto Benigni wonbest-actor in an Italian film for his role in "Il Piccolo Diavolo" ("The Little Devil") and Stefania Sandrell was named best actress in "Mignon E' Partita" (Mignon Has Left").

### Simon tells kids hang onto dreams

NEW YORK (AP) — Singer Carly Simon, honoured for her commitment to helping children, told youngsters to hold fast to dreams. Simon and New York Mets slugger Darryl Strawberry were among the adults and children receiving community service awards from the Association to Benefit Children, a group that helps poor, handicapped and AIDS-stricken youngsters. "Any time you have a dream, don't imagine it's an impossible: dream," Simon told the group of about 100 children in Central Park. She said appearing with Strawberry reminded her of a childhood dream. "As an eightyear-old or 10-year-old, while my. friends were dreaming of being movie stars, rock stars or whatever, my goal was to hit one over the centre field fence," she said, adding that Jackie Robinson was er childhood idol.

### Perfect school attendance pays off

CHATSWORTH, Georgia (AP)

- Ninth-grader Kevin Wooten's perfect attendance at school this year paid a dividend on the last day of class: a new car. The problem is he is too young to drive. Murray County High School Principal Mickey McNeill announced early in the school year that students with perfect attendance each month would have a chance at winning a car at year's end. Those who missed no school ali year got nine extra chances at winning. Wooten got the keys to a new Cheyrolet Sprint Metro to kick off his summer vacation., "thanks to contributions from businesspeople, individuals and a Chevrolet dealer. But Wooten will not be old enough to drive the car until he reaches the age of 16 in September. "I think they didn't believe it would be a reality," said McNeill. who added that he hasn't decided whether to use the same incentive next year. "But we've made believers of them now."

# Police net 12 bird smugglers

SAN DIEGO (R) - U.S. law

enforcement agents posing as exotic bird collectors have broken an international ring that smuggled some of the world's rarest birds into the United States to be sold for up to \$10,000 each. After a 20-month undercover "sting," 12 alleged members of the ring were charged in San Diego with violations of U.S. law involving conspiracy, the trade of endangered species and quarantine and customs laws. According to the charges, they smuggled \$500,000 worth of exotic birds native to southeast Asia and Central and South America. The birds were funnelled through Singapore and Argentina to Mexico and eventually sold by U.S. dealers for up to \$10,000 each.

# Global weather

(major world cities)

### was important that the president есопошу. there's still much to do and most set a demanding schedule." of it's still to be done," said senior U.S. arms control advisor Despite the complexity of the Publishing and telecommunicaissues to be dealt with, Steinbruntions giant Recruit gave large Edward Rowny. er said he believes the two sides U.S. President George Bush day." Uno said. has set a six-month to year-long

are "close to an agreement in principle already." But he said he doubted a full-fledged agreement will be reached within Bush's

Rowny, who counsels Bush and Secretary of State James A. Baker III on arms control matters, pointed out that the most important element in reaching a pact involves the will of the parti-

"The Show," a box-office hit,

best actor in a musical, best

featured male and female per-

of classic blues, jazz and tap

dancing from Broadway's jazz

age snared three of the awards.

tional highlights, The Show's

Ruth Brown, whose rocky

career took her from a 1950s

blues hit called "Momma He

Treats Your Daughter Mean"

to the unemployment lines be-

fore she climbed back, accepted the award for best

actress by saying:

In one of the evening's emo-

"Black and Blue," a revue

formers and best lighting.

won awards for dest th

Broadway's glorious past sweeps through the Tonys "The things that we did years ago are new to the peofeminist saga by rising young

any of these things," said Man-

ning, 75.
While Broadway threatres set box office records during the season as people flocked to high-priced musicals, the number of new productions fell to a record low and only six new musicals opened - half the previous season's number. Only one play — the financially disastrous "Legs Diamond"

originated from Broadway. Awards for works dealing with more modern themes were largely reserved for

playwngnt went stein, was named the season's best play while Pauline Collins won best actress for her Broadway debut in "Shirley Valentine," a one-woman comedy about a middle-aged Liverpool housewife who dreams of getting away from it all. Jason Alexander of "Jerome

"The Heidi Chronicles." a

Robbins' Broadway' was named best actor in a musical while veteran American character actor Philip Bosco was named best actor in a play for his role as a frazzled impresario in the British farce "Lend Me a Tenor."





Anti-Rushdie demonstrators and police in London's Parliament Square during a protest rally held last month.

# Rushdie plays it safe after Khomeini's death

LONDON (R) — British novelist Salman Rushdie has little hope that Ayatollah Khomeini's death signals an end to his life in hiding, a supporter says.

"He is too shrewd and aware of the real situation in Iran to count any chickens before they are hatched" Amanda Hopkinson, of the International Committee for the Defence of Salman Rushdie, said Sunday.

The Indian-born author of "The Satanic Verses" has been in hiding under police guard since Iranian leader Khomeini deas heresy last February and ordered Muslims to kill him.

seems to be very confused in Iran," Hopkinson told reporters. "It's difficult to know who we are placing our hopes in."

Only last month, Iranian President Ali Khamenei, named Sunday to succeed Khomeini, reaffirmed a "death sentence" against the 41-year-old Rushdie.

"The bullet has been shot," Khamenei said during a visit to Peking. "It has his name on it and sooner or later it will reach the target.'

Kalim Siddiqi, a leader of Britain's 1.5-million-strong Muslim community, said Khomeini's death did not grant Rushdie a reprieve.

There is no question of the death sentence being lifted just because the judge who passed sentence has died," he said. Rushdie has apologised

through his publishers for any offence his book may have caused but Iranian leaders and many Muslims have said he has committed a crime beyond forgiveThe surrealistic novel questions

throughout the Islamic world and the Iranian death threats led to a severing of relations between Tehran and London last March.

In editorials Monday, British newspapers said few in the West would shed any tears for Khomeini. But after him, who?" asked

the Financial Times. "Yesterday's choice

of...Khamenei does not really answer the question. Neither he nor any of the alternative candidates could aspire to the unquestioned authority that Khomeini enjoyed as leader of the revolu-

tion," it said.
The Times of London said: "Many must see cause for concern in the uncertainty which

The real contest has merely

### dochina neighbour in 1978 to oust the Khmer Rouge, has already promised to withdraw its troops by September. The Khmer Rouge is now the dominant military faction in a three-party coalition opposed to the Vietnam-installed Cambodian government led by Heng The Phnom Penh government

as well as the Khmer Rouge's two non-communist partners have rejected any political role for Pol

Pot in a Cambodian peace settle-

Pot, the shadowy leader whose Pol Pot, whose real name is Saloth Sar, was educated in France and entered revolutionary politics in Cambodia during the 1960s. In 1970, he and the Khmer Rouge battled the U.S.-backed Lon Nol government, which fell five years later.

> Turning against both those who had lived under Lon Nol and later against some of his own supporters, Pol Pot and a closely knit group of leaders turned Cambodia into a vast labour camp and executed thousands for minor infractions.

The Vietnamese invaded Cambodia in late 1978, forcing Pol Pot and his followers to flee westward toward Thailand where they have been supplied with weapons from

Diplomats said it would be difficult to prove whether Pol Pot had actually relinquished power or if the announcement was a tactical move ahead of peace talks of the four warring Cambodian factions July 24-25 and an International Peace Conference on Cambodia in early August.

"It's a positive step, maybe-.. possibly part of the process of bargaining or at least shows a willingness to bargain," said one nounced the award-winning novel "At the moment the situation

tenets of Islamic theory in style that Muslims worldwide said blasphemes the Prophet Mohammad. Its publication sparked riots

surrounds (Iran's) future...Khamenei is clearly a compromise candidate, chosen to fill the position during the period of mourning."

been postponed."